

Part 3

DEMOGRAPHY

Population

Historical

According to manuscript notes made by Captain Lonsdale, the first enumeration of the people was taken by an officer from Sydney on the 25th May, 1836, less than one year after the date of the arrival of John Batman (29th May, 1835). This was the first official census in Victoria, which was at that time known as the District of Port Phillip, and it disclosed that the band of first arrivals consisted of 142 males and 35 females of European origin.

At the Census taken in 1838, it was ascertained that the number of inhabitants had increased to 3,511. By the Census of 1851 the population had reached 77,345.

The discovery of gold in 1851 gave considerable impetus to the growth of population in Victoria. The intercensal increase in the decade 1851 to 1861 was 461,283. This increase, on a base population of 77,345, is noteworthy when compared with an increase of 875,412, on a base population of 2,054,701, in the fourteen years from 1947 to 1961.

The 1850's and the 1950's represent the two outstanding periods of gain from migration into Victoria. An extended period of emigration from Victoria, mainly to Western Australia following discoveries of gold, was experienced between 1892 and 1907. In each of the years 1896, 1902, and 1903, due to the net loss from migration exceeding the gain from natural increase, a fall in total population was recorded. Falls were also recorded in 1915 and 1916, but these reflected embarkations on oversea service, which were taken into account in population estimates during the First World War.

Since the Second World War, coinciding with the generally increased level of migration, natural increase has maintained a higher level than during the great economic depression of the late 1920's and early 1930's, but has not attained the yet higher levels characteristic of the earlier years of settlement.

The estimated population of Victoria at the end of 1965 was 3,233,938. (See Special Census Supplement for revised figures.)

Census Populations to 1961

General

In the following table is given the census population of each Australian State from 1901 to 1961 :—

AUSTRALIA—CENSUS POPULATIONS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES

State or Territory	Population at Census of—						
	1901	1911	1921	1933	1947	1954	1961
New South Wales	1,354,846	1,646,734	2,100,371	2,600,847	2,984,838	3,423,529	3,917,013
Victoria	1,201,070	1,315,551	1,531,280	1,820,261	2,054,701	2,452,341	2,930,113
Queensland ..	498,129	605,813	755,972	947,534	1,106,415	1,318,259	1,518,828
South Australia ..	358,346	408,558	495,160	580,949	646,073	797,094	969,340
Western Australia	184,124	282,114	332,732	438,852	502,480	639,771	736,629
Tasmania	172,475	191,211	213,780	227,599	257,078	308,752	350,340
Northern Territory	4,811	3,310	3,867	4,850	10,868	16,469	27,095
Australian Capital Territory* ..	..	1,714	2,572	8,947	16,905	30,315	58,828
Australia	3,773,801	4,455,005	5,435,734	6,629,839	7,579,358	8,986,530	10,508,186

* Part of New South Wales prior to 1911.

The following table shows the average annual rate of increase of population in each State and Territory and in Australia during intercensal periods from 1901 to 1961 :—

AUSTRALIA—AVERAGE ANNUAL RATE OF INCREASE OF POPULATION DURING INTERCENSAL PERIODS

(Per Cent.)

State or Territory	Intercensal Period					
	1901-1911	1911-1921	1921-1933	1933-1947	1947-1954	1954-1961
New South Wales ..	1·97	2·46	1·76	0·99	1·98	1·94
Victoria	0·91	1·53	1·42	0·87	2·56	2·58
Queensland	1·98	2·24	1·86	1·11	2·53	2·04
South Australia ..	1·32	1·94	1·31	0·76	3·05	2·83
Western Australia ..	4·36	1·66	2·29	0·97	3·51	2·03
Tasmania	1·04	1·12	0·51	0·87	2·65	1·82
Northern Territory ..	- 3·67	1·57	1·87	5·93	6·12	7·37
Australian Capital Territory* .. ..	..	4·14	10·71	4·65	8·70	9·93
Australia	1·67	2·01	1·63	0·96	2·46	2·26

* Part of New South Wales prior to 1911.

NOTE.—Minus sign (—) denotes decrease.

Numbers and rates of natural increase in each State and Territory between 1911 and 1965 are given in the following tables:—

AUSTRALIA—NATURAL INCREASE

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
ANNUAL AVERAGES									
1911-1920 ..	31,797	18,069	12,013	7,122	5,196	3,649	- 12	30	77,864
1921-1930 ..	32,346	18,711	12,000	6,431	4,978	3,127	5	50	77,648
1931-1940* ..	22,159	10,811	9,880	3,716	4,396	2,438	32	138	53,570
1941-1950* ..	34,041	21,292	15,681	8,003	7,006	3,768	131	472	90,394
1951-1960 ..	43,607	33,948	20,980	11,554	10,930	5,523	468	946	127,956
ANNUAL TOTALS									
1961.. ..	51,344	41,386	23,881	14,584	11,349	6,193	750	1,538	151,025
1962.. ..	48,578	40,043	22,508	13,129	11,254	6,024	780	1,602	143,918
1963.. ..	46,839	38,729	22,659	13,166	11,314	5,712	698	1,678	140,795
1964.. ..	41,031	37,442	20,449	11,960	10,256	5,078	747	1,592	128,555
1965.. ..	39,120	35,519	19,437	12,103	9,912	4,492	753	1,803	123,139

NOTE.—Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

* Excess of births over civilian deaths for period September, 1939, to June, 1947.

AUSTRALIA—NATURAL INCREASE PER 1,000 OF THE MEAN POPULATION

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
ANNUAL AVERAGES									
1911-1920 ..	16.93	12.75	17.64	15.99	16.64	18.52	- 3.10	12.95	15.77
1921-1930 ..	13.91	11.16	14.28	11.87	13.12	14.49	1.31	8.75†	12.97
1931-1940* ..	8.32	5.87	10.14	6.33	9.74	10.50	5.73	13.18†	7.92
1941-1950* ..	11.53	10.45	14.35	12.50	14.02	14.83	11.86	28.03†	12.04
1951-1960 ..	12.32	13.20	15.55	13.81	16.50	17.23	26.49	26.63†	13.71
ANNUAL TOTALS									
1961.. ..	13.12	14.14	15.76	15.04	15.39	17.51	28.58	26.16	14.38
1962.. ..	12.20	13.39	14.62	13.27	14.90	16.76	28.92	24.38	13.44
1963.. ..	11.56	12.68	14.50	13.05	14.63	15.68	24.35	22.88	12.90
1964.. ..	9.96	11.97	12.90	11.59	12.97	13.82	23.80	19.72	11.55
1965.. ..	9.32	11.07	12.10	11.49	12.29	12.16	22.20	20.31	10.84

NOTE.—Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

* Excess of births over civilian deaths for period September, 1939, to June, 1947.

† Rates affected by special local features.

The populations of Australian capital cities at each Census, 1901 to 1961, are shown in the following table :—

AUSTRALIA—POPULATIONS OF CAPITAL CITIES

Metropolitan Area	Population at Census of—						
	1901	1911	1921	1933	1947	1954	1961
Sydney	481,830	629,503	899,059	1,235,267	1,484,004	1,863,161	2,183,388
Melbourne ..	496,079	593,237	782,979	991,934	1,226,409	1,524,111	1,911,895
Brisbane ..	119,428	139,480	209,946	299,748	402,030	502,320	621,550
Adelaide ..	162,261	189,646	255,375	312,619	382,454	483,508	587,957
Perth	66,832	106,792	154,873	207,440	272,528	348,647	420,133
Hobart	34,604	39,937	52,361	60,406	76,534	95,206	115,932
Canberra ..	..	..	..	7,325	15,156	28,277	56,449
Total	1,361,034	1,698,595	2,354,593	3,114,739	3,859,115	4,845,230	5,897,304
Percentage of Australia ..	36	38	43	47	51	54	56

NOTE.—Some of the apparent increase in the percentage of total population living in capital cities is due to periodic revision and extension of metropolitan boundaries.

Sydney has been the most populous city in Australia since 1902.

The population of Victoria at each Census from 1901 to 1961, and the numerical and percentage increase during each intercensal period, are shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—POPULATION

Year of Census	Persons			Males			Females		
	Population	Intercensal Increase		Population	Intercensal Increase		Population	Intercensal Increase	
		Numerical	Percentage		Numerical	Percentage		Numerical	Percentage
1901 ..	1,201,070	60,982*	5·35*	603,720	5,498*	0·92*	597,350	55,484*	10·24*
1911 ..	1,315,551	114,481	9·53	655,591	51,871	8·59	659,960	62,610	10·48
1921 ..	1,531,280	215,729	16·40	754,724	99,133	15·12	776,556	116,596	17·67
1933 ..	1,820,261	288,981	18·87	903,244	148,520	19·68	917,017	140,461	18·09
1947 ..	2,054,701	234,440	12·88	1,013,867	110,623	12·25	1,040,834	123,817	13·50
1954 ..	2,452,341	397,640	19·35	1,231,099	217,232	21·43	1,221,242	180,408	17·33
1961 ..	2,930,113	477,772	19·48	1,474,395	243,296	19·76	1,455,718	234,476	19·20

* Since 1891.

An analysis of intercensal increases in the population of Victoria between 1933 and 1961 is made in the following table :—

VICTORIA—ANALYSIS OF INTERCENSAL INCREASES IN POPULATION

Particulars	Intercensal Period		
	1933-1947	1947-1954	1954-1961
Population at Beginning of Period ..	1,820,261	2,054,701	2,452,341
Births	482,413	350,696	423,811
Deaths	290,153	157,955	167,391
Natural Increase	192,260	192,741	256,420
Net Recorded Migration ..	49,574	191,846	261,648
Total Recorded Increase	241,834	384,587	518,068
Intercensal Adjustment *	-7,394	13,053	-40,296
Population at End of Period ..	2,054,701	2,452,341	2,930,113

* Adjustment of population on the basis of Census results.

The population in statistical divisions at Census dates from 1933 to 1961 is given in the following table :—

VICTORIA—POPULATION IN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS

Statistical Division	Census			
	1933	1947	1954	1961
Metropolitan*	991,934	1,226,409	1,524,111	1,911,895
Central*	212,573	230,118	209,447	239,057
North-Central	58,860	54,780	67,741	63,039
Western	158,374	159,368	180,051	198,022
Wimmera	61,131	54,171	57,686	58,799
Mallee	63,404	52,770	58,070	62,952
Northern	128,766	121,674	139,893	156,364
North-Eastern	59,736	60,160	78,770	86,325
Gippsland	83,905	91,400	128,531	149,051
Migratory	1,578	3,851	8,041	4,609
Total	1,820,261	2,054,701	2,452,341	2,930,113

* The Metropolitan Area was re-defined and enlarged, with a corresponding reduction in the defined area of the Central Statistical Division, in 1947, 1954, and 1961.

The following table shows the natural increase and net migration components of increases of population in statistical divisions between Censuses over the period 1947 to 1961. In the table "net migration" is considered to be the net intercensal gain or loss of population, after deducting natural increase.

**VICTORIA—COMPONENTS OF INTERCENSAL CHANGES IN
POPULATIONS OF STATISTICAL DIVISIONS, CENSUSES
1947 TO 1961**

Statistical Division	Population at Census 1947	Natural Increase 1947-1954	Net Migration 1947-1954	Population at Census 1954	Natural Increase 1954-1961	Net Migration 1954-1961	Population at Census 1961
Metropolitan ..	1,297,906	} 119,912	157,114 {	1,532,145	} 167,209	250,185 {	1,911,895
Central ..	158,626							201,413	239,057
North-Central ..	54,693	4,802	8,162	67,657	5,587	- 10,205	63,039
Western ..	159,368	17,221	3,462	180,051	20,738	- 2,767	198,022
Wimmera ..	54,171	5,360	- 1,845	57,686	6,388	- 5,275	58,799
Mallee ..	52,770	8,549	- 3,249	58,070	10,044	- 5,162	62,952
Northern ..	121,756	14,215	4,006	139,977	17,680	- 1,293	156,364
North-Eastern ..	60,160	6,419	12,191	78,770	8,290	- 735	86,325
Gippsland ..	91,400	16,263	20,868	128,531	20,484	36	149,051
Migratory ..	3,851	..	4,190	8,041	..	- 3,432	4,609
Total	2,054,701	192,741	204,899	2,452,341	256,420	221,352	2,930,113

NOTE.—In the above table populations of statistical divisions in 1947 and 1954 have been adjusted to conform with boundaries existent at the 1961 Census. As figures of natural increase and net migration, adjusted for changes in boundaries, are not available, these figures for the Metropolitan and Central statistical divisions have been combined and shown in total. As boundary changes affecting the North-Central and Northern statistical divisions had only slight effect on population, figures of components of increase for these divisions have been shown separately. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

Population of the Melbourne Metropolitan Area and Remainder of the State

In comparing metropolitan and extra-metropolitan populations, it should be remembered that the apparent size of the drift of population from country to city will be partly explained by the arbitrary redefinition of the Metropolitan Area, from time to time, as the metropolis expanded.

The more rapid rate of increase of metropolitan population was in evidence at an early stage of settlement, and, as indicated in the following table, the Census of 1921 showed that the population in the Metropolitan Area then exceeded that in the rest of the State :—

**VICTORIA—POPULATION OF VICTORIA, MELBOURNE
METROPOLITAN AREA, AND REMAINDER OF THE
STATE**

Year of Census	Population				
	Victoria	Melbourne Metropolitan Area		Remainder of State	
		Number	Percentage of Victoria	Number	Percentage of Victoria
1901 ..	1,201,070	496,079	41·30	704,991	58·70
1911 ..	1,315,551	593,237	45·09	722,314	54·91
1921 ..	1,531,280	782,979	51·13	748,301	48·87
1933 ..	1,820,261	991,934	54·49	828,327	45·51
1947 ..	2,054,701	1,226,409	59·69	828,292	40·31
1954 ..	2,452,341	1,524,111	62·15	928,230	37·85
1961 ..	2,930,113	1,911,895	65·25	1,018,218	34·75

Ages of the Population

Numerical and percentage changes in the ages of the population in age groups for each intercensal period from 1933 to 1961 are given in the following table :—

VICTORIA—AGES* OF THE POPULATION : PERCENTAGE INTERCENSAL INCREASES, 1933 TO 1961

Age Group (Years)	Population at Census				Percentage Increase		
	1933	1947	1954	1961	1933-1947	1947-1954	1954-1961
0-4	144,591	197,239	258,335	307,532	36·41	30·98	19·04
5-9	164,071	154,111	238,857	288,770	- 6·07	54·99	20·90
10-14	163,688	135,393	180,807	277,854	-17·29	33·54	53·67
15-19	161,090	151,994	153,721	219,365	- 5·65	1·14	42·70
20-24	155,206	165,883	160,930	195,076	6·88	- 2·99	21·22
25-29	145,832	159,483	194,470	186,724	9·36	21·94	- 3·98
30-34	137,923	160,325	195,595	209,542	16·24	22·00	7·13
35-39	132,636	151,734	173,694	217,856	14·40	14·47	25·43
40-44	128,293	139,302	172,584	187,624	8·58	23·89	8·71
45-49	110,686	133,002	152,358	181,826	20·16	14·55	19·34
50-54	92,497	122,875	137,512	158,846	32·84	11·91	15·51
55-59	75,579	112,040	114,856	131,730	48·24	2·51	14·69
60-64	70,628	89,379	108,442	115,027	26·55	21·33	6·07
65-69	59,863	68,608	83,158	95,755	14·61	21·21	15·15
70-74	42,699	49,523	58,227	73,610	15·98	17·58	26·42
75-79	22,322	35,129	36,970	45,364	57·37	5·24	22·70
80-84	8,426	19,569	20,454	24,232	132·25	4·52	18·47
85-89	3,210	7,397	8,733	10,080	130·44	18·06	15·42
90-94	841	1,505	2,346	2,809	78·95	55·88	19·74
95-99	160	199	276	451	24·38	38·69	63·41
100 and over ..	20	11	16	40	-45·00	45·45	150·00
Total ..	1,820,261	2,054,701	2,452,341	2,930,113	12·88	19·35	19·48
Under 21 ..	665,650	670,448	861,456	1,133,379	0·72	28·49	31·57
21-64	1,017,070	1,202,312	1,380,705	1,544,393	18·21	14·84	11·86
65 and over ..	137,541	181,941	210,180	252,341	32·28	15·52	20·06

* Recorded ages, adjusted by distribution of unspecified ages.

Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

The following table shows the proportion of population in each age group at Censuses from 1933 to 1961 :—

VICTORIA—PROPORTIONS OF POPULATION IN AGE GROUPS*
(Per Cent.)

Age Last Birthday (Years)	Census			
	1933	1947	1954	1961
0-4	7·94	9·60	10·53	10·50
5-9	9·01	7·50	9·74	9·85
10-14	8·99	6·59	7·37	9·48
15-19	8·85	7·40	6·27	7·49
20-24	8·53	8·07	6·56	6·66
25-29	8·01	7·76	7·93	6·37
30-34	7·58	7·80	7·98	7·15
35-39	7·29	7·39	7·08	7·44
40-44	7·05	6·78	7·04	6·40
45-49	6·08	6·47	6·21	6·20
50-54	5·08	5·98	5·61	5·42
55-59	4·15	5·45	4·68	4·50
60-64	3·88	4·35	4·42	3·93
65-69	3·29	3·34	3·39	3·27
70-74	2·35	2·41	2·38	2·51
75-79	1·23	1·71	1·51	1·55
80-84	0·46	0·95	0·83	0·83
85-89	0·18	0·36	0·36	0·34
90 and over	0·05	0·09	0·11	0·11
All Ages	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00

* Recorded ages adjusted by distribution of unspecified ages.

The ratio of males to females in age groups, at each Census from 1933 to 1961, is given in the following table :—

VICTORIA—MASCULINITY* OF POPULATION IN AGE GROUPS†

Age Last Birthday (Years)	1933	1947	1954	1961
0-4	104·11	104·59	104·78	105·02
5-9	104·32	104·07	104·76	105·43
10-14	103·59	103·13	104·00	104·70
15-19	101·66	101·93	105·11	105·38
20-24	100·97	98·04	108·47	106·81
25-29	103·75	97·47	108·93	108·48
30-34	101·93	97·11	105·66	110·07
35-39	92·44	100·75	102·26	105·67
40-44	94·34	105·25	105·37	102·83
45-49	96·03	99·81	107·60	103·42
50-54	95·49	92·13	102·83	104·90
55-59	92·26	93·81	92·01	102·96
60-64	88·53	89·07	85·99	88·45
65-69	92·07	84·45	83·43	77·79
70-74	90·60	77·44	75·41	73·81
75-79	87·39	75·56	68·96	66·56
80-84	72·66	72·51	62·29	58·24
85-89	62·61	64·41	59·77	51·28
90-94	57·20	56·93	50·10	47·76
95-99	39·13	50·76	35·29	37·50
100 and over	33·33	10·00	33·33	24·24
All Ages	98·50	97·41	100·81	101·28

* Number of males per 100 females.

† Recorded ages adjusted by distribution of unspecified ages.

Census of 1966

The last census of the Commonwealth was taken on 30th June, 1966, and the results as available at the time of printing are shown in the Special Supplement following the Index.

Census of 1961

The following tables show the geographical distribution and other characteristics of the population of Victoria as disclosed by the Census of 29th–30th June, 1961. To facilitate comparisons, results from the Census of 1954 are also given in most cases.

The population in each statistical division in Victoria, enumerated at the Census of 1961, is shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—POPULATION IN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS, ACCORDING TO SEX, AT CENSUS OF 1961

Statistical Division	Males	Females	Persons
Metropolitan	949,719	962,176	1,911,895
Central	123,026	116,031	239,057
North-Central	32,229	30,810	63,039
Western	99,662	98,360	198,022
Wimmera	29,838	28,961	58,799
Mallee	32,922	30,030	62,952
Northern	79,537	76,827	156,364
North-Eastern	45,620	40,705	86,325
Gippsland	78,082	70,969	149,051
Migratory	3,760	849	4,609
Total Victoria	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

NOTE.—The boundary of the Metropolitan Division was re-defined as from 1st January, 1961.

The percentage of population in metropolitan, urban, and rural areas and the masculinity of the population in each of these divisions of the State are shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION AND MASCULINITY IN METROPOLITAN, URBAN, AND RURAL AREAS

Area	Percentage of Population						Masculinity*	
	Census, 1954			Census, 1961			Census, 1954	Census, 1961
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons		
Metropolitan	60·8	63·6	62·1	64·4	66·1	65·2	96·31	98·71
Urban ..	18·9	19·4	19·2	19·4	19·7	19·6	98·36	99·47
Rural ..	19·8	16·9	18·4	15·9	14·1	15·0	118·17	114·52
Migratory ..	0·5	0·1	0·3	0·3	0·1	0·2	420·12	442·87
Victoria ..	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·81	101·28

* Number of males per 100 females.

The above table indicates that the proportion of State population in rural areas has declined between the Censuses of 1954 and 1961. At the same time the proportion of population in the metropolitan and urban areas has increased, the greater part going to the Metropolitan

Area. Masculinity of total rural population has declined and masculinity of both metropolitan and urban populations has increased. However, males are still more numerous than females in rural areas of the State in general, and are still slightly fewer than females in the metropolitan and urban areas.

The following table gives population, density, and occupied and unoccupied dwellings in metropolitan, other urban, and rural areas of the State. The urban areas of Geelong, Ballarat, and Bendigo are shown, and the sum of the urban components of the Latrobe Valley Area. The remainder of cities, towns, and boroughs in the State has been grouped with non-municipal towns of 1,000 or more according to size of population. Where changes have occurred in boundaries between 1954 and 1961, figures shown in the following table for the 1954 Census have been adjusted to conform with the boundaries in force at the 1961 Census.

VICTORIA—SUMMARY OF POPULATION

Victoria	Census, 1954	Census, 1961		Dwellings at Census, 1961	
	Population (1961 Areas)	Population	Persons per Sq. Mile	Occupied	Un- occupied
Metropolitan	1,532,145	1,911,895	2,354·06	524,608	16,833
Urban Areas—					
Geelong Urban Area	72,595	91,777	2,015·31	24,586	663
Ballarat Urban Area	48,030	54,880	1,983·38	14,493	633
Latrobe Valley-Urban	37,707	49,473	1,282·35	11,675	342
Bendigo Urban Area	36,918	40,327	1,804·34	11,518	507
Total Urban Areas	195,250	236,457	1,762·76	62,272	2,145
Other Urban—					
Population Exceeding 10,000 (4)	45,037	55,345	1,560·77	14,507	518
„ 7,500 to 9,999 (6)	45,094	52,080	1,165·62	13,492	576
„ 5,000 to 7,499 (11)	59,688	70,432	920·44	19,002	849
„ 4,000 to 4,999 (3)	9,262	13,228	494·14	3,456	558
„ 3,000 to 3,999 (14)	41,712	47,042	690·47	12,464	2,214
„ 2,000 to 2,999 (18)	39,502	44,146	550·65	12,210	2,646
„ 1,000 to 1,999 (38)	51,531	55,200	531·02	15,230	3,457
Total Other Urban	291,826	337,473	774·59	90,361	10,818
Rural*	425,079	439,679	5·08	113,288	17,593
Migratory	8,041	4,609	..	..	..
Total	2,452,341	2,930,113	33·34†	790,529	47,389

NOTE.—Figures in brackets represent the number of urban localities in the size group in 1961.

* Includes Borough of Clunes—population 836 in 1961.

† Includes migratory.

The above table shows that urban localities of less than 5,000 in population and rural areas in general had a markedly higher proportion of unoccupied dwellings at the date of the Census 1961 than did the more populated areas of the State. An analysis of the reasons why the dwellings were unoccupied appears on page 626.

Population and density figures for cities, towns, boroughs, and non-municipal towns of 1,000 persons or more, are given in the following table. Again, 1954 Census populations have been adjusted to conform with boundaries in force in 1961. Changes of area and changes in municipal status since the Census 1961 and until 30th June, 1965, are shown on page 127.

VICTORIA—POPULATIONS OF LOCALITIES, CENSUSES 1954 AND 1961, AND NUMBER OF PERSONS PER SQUARE MILE, CENSUS, 1961

Locality	Census, 1954	Census, 1961		Locality	Census, 1954	Census, 1961	
	Population (1961 Areas)	Population	Persons per Sq. Mile		Population (1961 Areas)	Population	Persons per Sq. Mile
Metropolitan Cities— Melbourne ..	93,172	76,810	6,332	Metropolitan Cities— <i>continued</i> St. Kilda ..	53,301	52,205	15,772
Box Hill ..	35,554	50,412	6,074	Sunshine ..	41,332	62,321	2,018
Brighton ..	40,458	41,302	7,822	Waverley ..	15,497	44,987	1,974
Broadmeadows ..	22,423	66,306	2,426	Williamstown ..	29,313	30,636	5,797
Brunswick ..	53,620	53,093	12,950				
Camberwell ..	90,397	99,353	7,322	Extra - Metropolitan Cities, Towns, and Boroughs— Cities—			
Caulfield ..	75,217	74,859	8,817	Ararat	7,433	7,934	1,078
Chelsea ..	16,857	22,355	4,736	Ballaarat ..	39,945	41,037	3,072
Coburg ..	62,077	70,771	9,816	Bendigo ..	28,726	30,195	2,406
Collingwood ..	27,155	25,413	13,811	Colac	8,032	9,252	2,203
Dandenong ..	12,234	24,909	1,779	Geelong ..	20,034	18,019	3,472
Essendon ..	57,873	58,987	9,275	Geelong West ..	17,313	17,681	8,710
Fitzroy	30,312	29,399	20,850	Hamilton ..	8,507	9,495	1,136
Footscray ..	57,915	60,734	8,751	Horsham ..	7,767	9,240	996
Hawthorn ..	37,188	36,707	9,737	Maryborough ..	6,827	7,235	804
Heidelberg ..	60,007	86,430	1,814	Mildura ..	10,972	12,279	1,453
Keilor	10,592	29,519	779	Newtown and Chilwell ..	11,195	11,788	5,103
Kew	31,518	33,341	5,933	Sale	6,537	7,899	943
Malvern ..	46,910	47,870	7,784	Shepparton ..	10,848	13,580	1,843
Moorabbin ..	64,366	95,669	4,839	Wangaratta ..	10,715	13,784	1,610
Mordialloc ..	21,025	26,526	5,632	Warrnambool ..	12,502	15,702	1,417
Northcote ..	43,604	44,746	10,170				
Nunawading ..	23,855	53,246	3,318	Towns—			
Oakleigh ..	31,336	48,017	4,104	Camperdown ..	3,205	3,446	614
Port Melbourne ..	13,104	12,370	3,010	Castlemaine ..	6,577	7,216	802
Prahran ..	54,009	52,554	14,242	Portland ..	4,809	6,014	644
Preston ..	63,868	84,146	5,884	St. Arnaud ..	3,037	3,150	321
Richmond ..	35,213	33,863	14,349	Stawell	5,463	5,506	592
Ringwood ..	12,951	24,427	2,779				
Sandringham ..	31,758	37,001	6,402	Boroughs—			
South Melbourne	37,995	32,528	9,456	Benalla	6,818	8,260	1,163
Springvale ..	14,245	28,526	761	Clunes	871	836	93
				Daylesford ..	3,216	2,776	443

VICTORIA—POPULATIONS OF LOCALITIES, CENSUSES 1954 AND 1961,
AND NUMBER OF PERSONS PER SQUARE MILE, CENSUS, 1961—
continued

Locality	Census, 1954	Census, 1961		Locality	Census, 1954	Census, 1961	
	Popu- lation (1961 Areas)	Popu- lation	Persons per Sq. Mile		Popu- lation (1961 Areas)	Popu- lation	Persons per Sq. Mile
Extra - Metropolitan Cities, Towns, and Boroughs— <i>continued</i>				Non-Municipal Towns— <i>continued</i>			
Eaglehawk ..	4,696	4,926	880	Healesville ..	2,707	2,687	362
Echuca ..	5,405	6,443	942	Heathcote ..	1,273	1,287	305
Koroit ..	1,401	1,466	165	Heyfield ..	1,969	1,917	973
Kyabram ..	3,335	3,936	489	Irymple ..	1,068	1,133	252
Moe ..	12,427	15,463	1,872	Kerang ..	3,227	3,727	1,573
Port Fairy ..	2,265	2,426	273	Kilmore ..	1,474	1,363	349
Queenscliffe ..	2,551	2,659	811	Korumburra ..	2,858	3,237	550
Sebastopol ..	3,265	4,663	1,708	Kyneton ..	3,232	3,366	1,658
Swan Hill ..	5,197	6,186	1,174	Lakes Entrance ..	1,252	1,602	1,456
Traralgon ..	8,845	12,300	1,597	Laverton ..	1,212	4,152	1,193
Wonthaggi ..	4,461	4,190	205	Leongatha ..	2,304	2,755	706
Yallourn Works Area *	5,748	5,010	371	Lorne ..	967	1,080	593
Non-Municipal Towns—				Maffra ..	3,161	3,404	1,881
Alexandra ..	1,712	1,945	373	Maldon ..	1,088	1,071	397
Bacchus Marsh ..	2,825	3,288	759	Mansfield ..	1,861	1,944	557
Bairnsdale ..	6,398	7,427	1,129	Merbein ..	1,768	1,737	1,930
Beaufort ..	1,281	1,240	636	Mooroopna ..	2,091	2,505	1,340
Beechworth ..	3,153	3,508	899	Mornington ..	3,589	4,886	1,720
Broadford ..	1,451	1,678	893	Mortlake ..	1,048	1,297	853
Casterton ..	2,391	2,442	334	Morwell ..	9,230	14,833	1,725
Charlton ..	1,408	1,527	1,427	Mount Beauty ..	2,216	1,509	555
Cobram ..	1,695	2,538	1,244	Murtoa ..	1,132	1,135	817
Cohuna ..	1,542	1,815	931	Myrtleford ..	1,538	2,123	798
Coleraine ..	1,393	1,503	716	Nathalia ..	1,046	1,276	798
Corryong ..	839	1,129	395	Nhill ..	2,208	2,233	988
Creswick ..	1,606	1,730	246	Numurkah ..	2,195	2,687	864
Dimboola ..	1,814	1,923	585	Ocean Grove ..	1,321	1,609	781
Donald ..	1,480	1,517	353	Orbost ..	2,214	2,613	1,686
Dromana ..	1,038	1,151	639	Ouyen ..	1,426	1,695	1,130
Drouin ..	2,104	2,511	913	Pakenham East ..	1,110	1,408	345
Euroa ..	2,657	3,040	796	Portarlington ..	836	1,003	314
				Red Cliffs ..	2,361	2,440	1,025
				Rochester ..	1,791	1,965	774

NOTE.—See note on following page for definition of "Non-municipal Town".

* The municipal status of the Yallourn Works Area is explained on pages 224-225.

VICTORIA—POPULATIONS OF LOCALITIES, CENSUSES 1954 AND 1961,
AND NUMBER OF PERSONS PER SQUARE MILE, CENSUS, 1961—*continued*

Locality	Census, 1954	Census, 1961		Locality	Census, 1954	Census, 1961	
	Population (1961 Areas)	Population	Persons per Sq. Mile		Population (1961 Areas)	Population	Persons per Sq. Mile
Non-Municipal Towns— <i>continued</i>				Non-Municipal Towns— <i>continued</i>			
Rosebud ..	2,675	3,726	412	Warburton ..	1,919	1,630	551
Rushworth ..	976	1,077	709	Warracknabeal ..	3,009	3,061	673
Rutherglen ..	1,370	1,292	373	Warragul ..	5,324	6,405	1,001
Rye ..	985	1,338	437	Werribee ..	4,335	5,398	1,578
Seymour ..	4,094	5,104	1,430	Wodonga ..	5,259	7,498	961
Sorrento ..	1,863	2,152	203	Woodend ..	1,093	1,224	549
Sunbury ..	2,385	3,131	550	Yallourn North ..	1,457	1,867	3,734
Tatura ..	1,634	2,166	1,146	Yarram ..	1,800	2,053	234
Terang ..	2,365	2,380	741	Yarrawonga ..	2,953	3,022	2,477
Torquay ..	909	1,097	1,143	Yea ..	1,131	1,113	1,081
Trafalgar ..	1,537	1,774	1,516				

NOTE.—Prior to a Census the boundaries of certain towns not separately incorporated as local government areas were delineated for statistical purposes, and were termed "Non-municipal Towns."

The next table shows the age distribution of the population of Victoria at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961 :—

VICTORIA—AGE DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION

Age Last Birthday (Years)	Census, 1954			Census, 1961			Increase of Persons 1954 to 1961
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
0-4 ..	132,184	126,151	258,335	157,534	149,998	307,532	49,197
5-9 ..	122,204	116,653	238,857	148,199	140,571	288,770	49,913
10-14 ..	92,175	88,632	180,807	142,119	135,735	277,854	97,047
15-19 ..	78,776	74,945	153,721	112,556	106,809	219,365	65,644
20-24 ..	83,734	77,196	160,930	100,750	94,326	195,076	34,146
25-29 ..	101,392	93,078	194,470	97,160	89,564	186,724	-7,746
30-34 ..	100,487	95,108	195,595	109,792	99,750	209,542	13,947
35-39 ..	87,819	85,875	173,694	111,929	105,927	217,856	44,162
40-44 ..	88,548	84,036	172,584	95,120	92,504	187,624	15,040
45-49 ..	78,969	73,389	152,358	92,443	89,383	181,826	29,468
50-54 ..	69,714	67,798	137,512	81,322	77,524	158,846	21,334
55-59 ..	55,039	59,817	114,856	66,826	64,904	131,730	16,874
60-64 ..	50,136	58,306	108,442	53,988	61,039	115,027	6,585
65-69 ..	37,824	45,334	83,158	41,897	53,588	95,755	12,597
70-74 ..	25,032	33,195	58,227	31,258	42,352	73,610	15,383
75-79 ..	15,089	21,881	36,970	18,127	27,237	45,364	8,394
80-84 ..	7,851	12,603	20,454	8,919	15,313	24,232	3,778
85-89 ..	3,267	5,466	8,733	3,417	6,663	10,080	1,347
90-94 ..	783	1,563	2,346	908	1,901	2,809	463
95-99 ..	72	204	276	123	328	451	175
100 and over ..	4	12	16	8	32	40	24
Total ..	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	477,772
Under 21 ..	440,629	420,827	861,456	581,042	552,337	1,133,379	271,923
21-64 ..	700,548	680,157	1,380,705	788,696	755,697	1,544,393	163,688
65 and over ..	89,922	120,258	210,180	104,657	147,684	252,341	42,161
Total ..	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	477,772

NOTE.—Minus sign (—) denotes decrease.

The Censuses of 1954 and 1961 show the nationality of the population as follows :—

VICTORIA—NATIONALITY OF THE POPULATION

Nationality	Census, 1954			Census, 1961		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
British*—						
Born in Australia	1,020,836	1,062,543	2,083,379	1,161,006	1,199,417	2,360,423
Born outside Australia ..	127,950	104,469	232,419	198,484	165,744	364,228
Total British	1,148,786	1,167,012	2,315,798	1,359,490	1,365,161	2,724,651
Foreign—						
Dutch ..	9,255	7,035	16,290	15,091	12,540	27,631
German ..	6,078	5,414	11,492	13,448	10,456	23,904
Greek ..	4,037	2,241	6,278	14,705	13,449	28,154
Hungarian ..	1,683	1,118	2,801	3,120	2,316	5,436
Italian ..	23,225	11,981	35,206	37,507	30,822	68,329
Latvian, Lithuanian, and Estonian ..	5,203	4,571	9,774	1,384	1,054	2,438
Polish ..	9,370	6,889	16,259	4,538	3,629	8,167
Ukrainian ..	3,185	2,453	5,638	1,029	771	1,800
Yugoslav ..	3,450	2,045	5,495	6,570	3,823	10,393
Other (Including Stateless) ..	16,827	10,483	27,310	17,513	11,697	29,210
Total Foreign	82,313	54,230	136,543	114,905	90,557	205,462
Grand Total ..	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

* All persons of individual citizenship status who by virtue of the *Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948* are deemed to be British subjects. For purposes of this table Irish nationality is included with British.

The following table shows the birthplace of the population at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961 :—

VICTORIA—BIRTHPLACE OF THE POPULATION

Birthplace	Census, 1954			Census, 1961		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Australia	1,020,836	1,062,543	2,083,379	1,161,006	1,199,417	2,360,423
New Zealand	5,456	5,675	11,131	5,624	5,852	11,476
Europe—						
United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland ..	92,915	78,813	171,728	108,693	97,676	206,369
Germany	11,029	10,743	21,772	20,723	18,568	39,291
Greece	5,009	2,636	7,645	17,246	14,517	31,763
Italy	27,709	14,720	42,429	52,110	38,965	91,075
Malta	4,469	2,662	7,131	10,216	7,628	17,844
Netherlands	9,188	6,808	15,996	20,201	16,083	36,284
Poland	12,836	8,592	21,428	13,806	9,988	23,794
Other	26,896	18,716	45,612	42,905	30,301	73,206
Total Europe	190,051	143,690	333,741	285,900	233,726	519,626
Other Birthplaces	14,756	9,334	24,090	21,865	16,723	38,588
Grand Total	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

The next table shows the period of residence in Australia, at Censuses of 1954 and 1961, of persons who were born outside Australia :—

VICTORIA—PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA OF PERSONS WHO WERE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA

Number of Completed Years of Residence	Census, 1954			Census, 1961		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Under 1 ..	18,237	13,343	31,580	24,855	17,313	42,168
1 ..	10,416	9,128	19,544	16,376	13,499	29,875
2 ..	22,428	13,659	36,087	16,279	15,451	31,730
3 ..	24,115	17,329	41,444	13,428	15,442	28,870
4 ..	26,517	19,140	45,657	15,079	15,672	30,751
5 ..	19,547	14,009	33,556	20,667	17,147	37,814
6 ..	5,975	4,483	10,458	19,905	15,777	35,682
Under 7 ..	127,235	91,091	218,326	126,589	110,301	236,890
7 and under 14 ..	79,764	64,811	144,575	116,152	86,338	202,490
14 and over ..				64,662	54,644	119,306
Not Stated ..	3,264	2,797	6,061	5,986	5,018	11,004
Born outside Australia ..	210,263	158,699	368,962	313,389	256,301	569,690
Born in Australia	1,020,836	1,062,543	2,083,379	1,161,006	1,199,417	2,360,423
Total ..	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

The following table shows the population of Victoria classified according to conjugal condition at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961 :—

VICTORIA—CONJUGAL CONDITION OF POPULATION

Conjugal Condition	Census, 1954			Census, 1961		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Never Married—						
Under Fifteen Years of Age	346,563	331,436	677,999	447,852	426,304	874,156
Fifteen Years of Age and over	257,342	196,891	454,233	303,290	222,756	526,046
Total—Never Married ..	603,905	528,327	1,132,232	751,142	649,060	1,400,202
Married ..	570,204	564,688	1,134,892	664,992	660,473	1,325,465
Married but Permanently Separated ..	15,214	18,144	33,358	18,302	21,927	40,229
Widowed ..	30,906	99,058	129,964	31,497	113,940	145,437
Divorced ..	7,250	9,062	16,312	8,462	10,318	18,780
Not Stated ..	3,620	1,963	5,583	*	*	*
Total ..	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

* In processing the 1961 Census data, a conjugal condition was allocated prior to tabulation in all instances where this information was not stated.

The following table shows the religion of the population at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961 :—

VICTORIA—RELIGION OF THE POPULATION

Religion	Census, 1954			Census, 1961		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
CHRISTIAN—						
Baptist	16,084	18,232	34,316	18,225	20,402	38,627
Brethren	1,479	1,782	3,261	1,558	1,799	3,357
Catholic, Roman*	99,128	82,083	181,211	134,536	116,287	250,823
Catholic*	188,492	194,951	383,443	254,236	257,676	511,912
Churches of Christ	15,797	17,811	33,608	17,883	20,056	37,939
Church of England	413,591	418,882	832,473	443,023	450,136	893,159
Congregational	5,417	6,505	11,922	5,552	6,552	12,104
Greek Orthodox	12,219	7,902	20,121	29,759	25,064	54,823
Lutheran	11,785	11,108	22,893	18,267	17,101	35,368
Methodist	122,377	130,425	252,802	134,040	141,165	275,205
Presbyterian	158,811	167,611	326,422	179,466	187,880	367,346
Protestant, Undefined	18,787	18,966	37,753	20,348	19,592	39,940
Salvation Army	5,291	6,100	11,391	6,323	7,274	13,597
Seventh Day Adventist	1,906	2,562	4,468	2,560	3,161	5,721
Other	6,967	7,981	14,948	11,858	13,032	24,890
Total Christian	1,078,131	1,092,901	2,171,032	1,277,634	1,287,177	2,564,811
NON-CHRISTIAN—						
Hebrew	12,211	11,805	24,016	14,993	14,939	29,932
Other	1,830	453	2,283	1,962	911	2,873
Total Non-Christian	14,041	12,258	26,299	16,955	15,850	32,805
Indefinite	2,579	2,239	4,818	3,637	3,014	6,651
No Religion	4,564	2,073	6,637	7,081	3,715	10,796
No Reply	131,784	111,771	243,555	169,088	145,962	315,050
Grand Total	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

* So described on individual census schedules.

In the following table the male and female populations of Victoria are classified according to the industry in which they were usually engaged at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961 :—

VICTORIA—INDUSTRY OF THE POPULATION

Industry Group	Census, 1954			Census, 1961		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Primary Production	108,124	8,376	116,500	99,839	9,961	109,800
Mining and Quarrying	4,463	123	4,586	4,677	199	4,876
Manufacturing	252,232	89,172	341,404	280,482	99,218	379,700
Electricity, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services (Production, Supply, and Maintenance)	24,116	1,491	25,607	30,471	2,027	32,498
Building and Construction	84,401	1,067	85,468	99,521	2,103	101,624
Transport and Storage and Communication	76,478	9,022	85,500	84,000	10,405	94,405
Finance and Property	18,080	9,237	27,317	25,483	16,345	41,828
Commerce	109,675	51,909	161,584	126,506	63,840	190,346
Public Authority (n.e.f.) and Defence Services	36,135	8,593	44,728	35,793	9,300	45,093
Community and Business Services (Incl. Professional)*	37,397	43,381	80,778	51,501	64,244	115,745
Amusements, Hotels and Other Accommodation, Cafes, Personal Service, &c.	28,306	32,826	61,132	31,882	36,976	68,858
Other Industries and Industry Inadequately Described or Not Stated	7,541	2,249	9,790	16,982	8,308	25,290
Total in Work Force	786,948	257,446	1,044,394	887,137	322,926	1,210,063
Persons Not in Work Force	444,151	963,796	1,407,947	587,258	1,132,792	1,720,050
Grand Total	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

* Includes police, fire brigades, hospitals, medical and dental services, education, and business services such as consultant engineering and surveying, accountancy and auditing, industrial and trade associations, advertising, &c.

The preceding table showed the industries in which persons were engaged at the time of the Census. For the 1961 Census, population has also been classified according to the actual occupation carried on by each person, and in the following table the numbers in broad groups of these occupations are shown :—

VICTORIA—OCCUPATIONS OF THE POPULATION IN MAJOR GROUPS, CENSUS, 1961

Occupation Group	Males	Females	Persons
Professional, Technical, and Related Workers ..	61,545	42,448	103,993
Administrative, Executive, and Managerial Workers	76,928	13,111	90,039
Clerical Workers	68,933	90,009	158,942
Sales Workers	54,252	37,170	91,422
Farmers, Fishermen, Hunters, Timber Getters, and Related Workers	105,019	9,777	114,796
Miners, Quarrymen, and Related Workers ..	2,716	2	2,718
Workers in Transport and Communication Operations	63,312	7,530	70,842
Craftsmen, Production Process Workers and Labourers (Not Elsewhere Classified) ..	396,558	71,236	467,794
Service, Sport, and Recreation Workers ..	36,164	44,220	80,384
Members of Armed Forces, Enlisted Personnel Occupation Inadequately Described or Not Stated	11,666	714	12,380
	10,044	6,709	16,753
Total Persons in the Work Force	887,137	322,926	1,210,063
Persons Not in the Work Force	587,258	1,132,792	1,720,050
Grand Total	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

The following table shows the occupational status of the population at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961 :—

VICTORIA—OCCUPATIONAL STATUS OF THE POPULATION

Occupational Status	Census, 1954			Census, 1961		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
IN WORK FORCE—						
At Work—						
Employer	59,396	8,975	68,371	60,814	12,289	73,103
Self-employed	103,083	16,302	119,385	101,446	19,421	120,867
Employee	608,575	225,965	834,540	682,977	275,281	958,258
Helper (Not on Wage or Salary)	5,154	2,751	7,905	3,897	2,026	5,923
Total	776,208	253,993	1,030,201	849,134	309,017	1,158,151
Not at Work *—						
Unable to Secure Employment	1,684	524	2,208	25,571	8,634	34,205
Temporarily Laid Off	761	298	1,059	3,535	1,483	5,018
Sickness or Accident	3,202	943	4,145	5,521	2,051	7,572
Changing Jobs	1,796	758	2,554	2,005	1,034	3,039
Other and Not Stated	2,216	474	2,690	1,371	707	2,078
Total	9,659	2,997	12,656	38,003	13,909	51,912
Not Stated	1,081	456	1,537	†	†	†
Total in Work Force	786,948	257,446	1,044,394	887,137	322,926	1,210,063

For footnotes see page 118.

VICTORIA—OCCUPATIONAL STATUS OF THE POPULATION—*continued*

Occupational Status	Census, 1954			Census, 1961		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
NOT IN WORK FORCE—						
Child Not Attending School	140,888	134,420	275,308	162,038	154,334	316,372
Full-time Student or Child Attending School	220,033	206,638	426,671	323,937	296,592	620,529
Independent Means, Including "Retired (So Described)"	17,530	19,668	37,198	18,041	19,638	37,679
Home Duties		515,711	515,711		540,418	540,418
Pensioner or Annuitant	49,989	75,078	125,067	66,589	104,160	170,749
Inmate of Institution	7,697	8,073	15,770	10,161	10,692	20,853
Other	8,014	4,208	12,222	6,492	6,958	13,450
Total Not in Work Force	444,151	963,796	1,407,947	587,258	1,132,792	1,720,050
Grand Total	1,231,099	1,221,242	2,452,341	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113

* The category "Not at Work" includes those who stated that they were usually engaged in work, but were not actively seeking a job at the time of the Census by reason of sickness, accident, &c., or because they were on strike, changing jobs, or temporarily laid off, &c. It includes also persons able and willing to work but unable to secure employment, as well as casual and seasonal workers not actually in a job at the time of the Census. The numbers shown as "Not at Work", therefore, do not represent the number of unemployed available for work and unable to obtain it.

† In processing the 1961 Census data an occupational status was allocated prior to tabulation in all instances where this information was not stated.

Population Estimates

The following table gives the estimated population of each Australian State and Territory at 31st December, 1965. For dates subsequent to the latest population Census, the estimated population in each State or Territory represents the population ascertained at the Census, plus natural increase and recorded net migration into the State or Territory since the Census. As complete records of interstate migration are not available, the estimated populations so derived are approximate, and are subject to revision when the actual population of each State and Territory is ascertained at the next Census. In some instances such revisions were substantial after the Census of 1961. See *Special Census Supplement following the Index for field count figures, Census, 30th June, 1966.*

AUSTRALIA—ESTIMATED POPULATION OF STATES AND TERRITORIES AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1965

State or Territory	Area in Square Miles	Estimated Population at 31st December, 1965	Persons to the Square Mile	Proportion of Population in Each State or Territory
				per cent.
New South Wales	309,433	4,237,514	13·69	36·91
Victoria	87,884	3,233,938	36·80	28·17
Queensland	667,000	1,615,384	2·42	14·08
South Australia	380,070	1,064,629	2·80	9·27
Western Australia	975,920	820,063	0·84	7·15
Tasmania	26,383	379,107	14·37	3·30
Northern Territory	520,280	34,253	0·07	0·30
Australian Capital Territory*	939	93,815	99·91	0·82
Australia	2,967,909	11,478,703	3·87	100·00

* Including Jervis Bay.

The following table shows the estimated population of Victoria from 1836 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—ESTIMATED POPULATION

Year	Estimated Population, 31st December		
	Males	Females	Persons
1836 (25th May)	142	35	177
1840	7,254	3,037	10,291
1850	45,495	30,667	76,162
1860	330,302	207,932	538,234
1870	397,230	326,695	723,925
1880	450,558	408,047	858,605
1890	595,519	538,209	1,133,728
1900	601,773	594,440	1,196,213
1910	646,482	654,926	1,301,408
1920	753,803	774,106	1,527,909
1930	892,422	900,183	1,792,605
1940	947,037	967,881	1,914,918
1950	1,114,497	1,122,685	2,237,182
1956	1,319,445	1,298,667	2,618,112
1957	1,348,351	1,332,204	2,680,555
1958	1,379,857	1,365,308	2,745,165
1959	1,413,523	1,397,906	2,811,429
1960	1,453,815	1,434,475	2,888,290
1961	1,483,176	1,467,614	2,950,790
1962	1,514,612	1,498,835	3,013,447
1963	1,546,890	1,533,325	3,080,215
1964	1,587,986	1,573,551	3,161,537
1965	1,623,992	1,609,946	3,233,938

NOTE.—Figures from 1962 to 1965 are subject to revision on the basis of 1966 Census figures.

The estimated age distribution of the population of Victoria at 30th June, 1965, is given in the following table. Detailed information concerning the ages of persons transferring residence in or out of Victoria, whether travelling interstate or overseas, is not available, but the proportionate age distribution of the net resulting movement has been assumed to be the same as that for the net overseas migration to Australia as a whole. Accordingly, the estimates in the table must be regarded as approximate.

VICTORIA—ESTIMATED NUMBER OF MALES AND FEMALES IN AGE GROUPS, 30TH JUNE, 1965

Age Group (Years)	Males	Females	Persons	Age Group (Years)	Males	Females	Persons
0-4	167,846	159,490	327,336	50-54	90,369	88,843	179,212
5-9	163,551	154,627	318,178	55-59	74,109	72,403	146,512
10-14	152,113	144,940	297,053	60-64	60,272	63,870	124,142
15-19	145,134	136,733	281,867	65-69	44,143	55,266	99,409
20-24	117,859	111,196	229,055	70 and over	66,846	105,300	172,146
25-29	106,562	101,870	208,432	All Ages	1,611,991	1,596,085	3,208,076
30-34	104,267	97,437	201,704	Under 21	653,939	619,737	1,273,676
35-39	114,676	105,769	220,445	21-64	847,063	815,782	1,662,845
40-44	112,945	108,924	221,869	65 and over	110,989	160,566	271,555
45-49	91,299	89,417	180,716	All Ages	1,611,991	1,596,085	3,208,076

The following table shows the population and the number of dwellings in each of the municipalities of Victoria, by statistical division, at the Census of 30th June, 1961, and as estimated at 30th June, 1965, together with the area at 30th June, 1965.

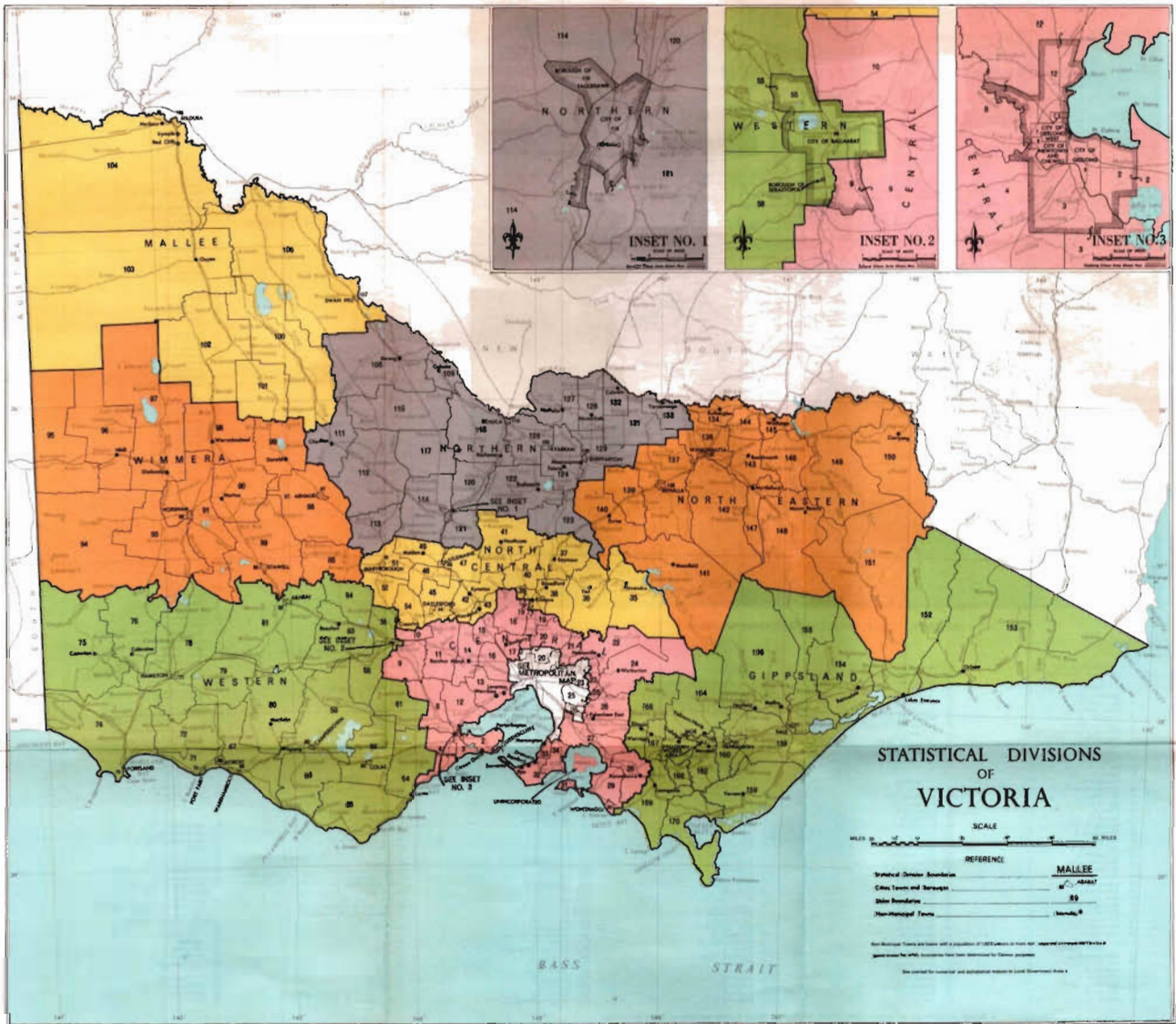
For the purpose of the Census, a "dwelling" is any habitation occupied by a household group living together as a domestic unit, whether comprising the whole or any part of a building. The term has, therefore, a very wide reference and includes, in addition to houses and flats, anything from a single-roomed shack to a multi-roomed hotel or institution. In the following tables, the figures for dwellings represent all dwellings, whether private or other, and whether occupied or unoccupied. Figures of occupied and unoccupied dwellings at the Census, 1961, appear on pages 624 to 626.

See *Special Census Supplement following the Index for field count figures, Census, 30th June, 1966. Estimates given below are subject to amendment in the light of Census results.*

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA BY MUNICIPALITY

Municipality	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.65 acres
	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	
MELBOURNE METROPOLITAN AREA†					
Altona Shire‡	16,167	22,800	3,960	5,940	9,930
Berwick Shire (Part)†	10,884	15,300	2,495	3,812	30,617
Box Hill City	50,412	54,700	13,847	15,027	5,309
Brighton City	41,302	42,500	12,788	13,328	3,380
Broadmeadows City	66,306	80,200	15,481	19,615	17,490
Brunswick City	53,093	53,700	14,848	15,170	2,625
Bulla Shire (Part)†	581	600	103	118	14,540
Camberwell City	99,353	102,500	30,289	31,637	8,682
Caulfield City	74,859	78,400	23,998	25,590	5,431
Chelsea City	22,355	25,500	6,730	7,649	3,020
Coburg City	70,771	72,500	18,793	19,141	4,616
Collingwood City	25,413	24,500	6,990	6,522	1,180
Croydon Shire	15,694	19,900	4,460	5,693	8,3 0
Dandenong City	24,909	30,300	6,433	8,031	8,960
Diamond Valley Shire‡	..	20, 00	..	5,147	21,080
Doncaster and Templestowe Shire	19,061	32,500	5,453	9,557	22,090
Eltham Shire (Part)†	12,745	14,700	3,602	4,142	9,505
Essendon City	58,987	60,500	17,178	17,845	4,073
Fitzroy City	29,399	28,900	7,973	7,896	904
Footscray City	60,734	62,100	16,617	16,884	4,441
Frankston Shire	26,722	36,600	8,222	11,948	17,460
Hawthorn City	36,707	38,700	12,500	13,341	2,411
Heidelberg City‡	86,430	65,100	22,002	16,735	8,000
Keilor City	29,519	40,400	7,653	10,892	24,265
Kew City	33,341	34,600	9,441	9,758	3,596
Knox Shire‡	..	30,100	..	10,187	27,200
Lillydale Shire (Part)†	12,894	16,200	4,145	5,467	49,045
Malvern City	47,870	51,300	15,376	16,805	3,935
Melbourne City	76,810	75,500	19,711	20,849	7,765
Moorabbin City	95,669	104,600	25,825	28,290	12,655

For footnotes see page 127



VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Municipality	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.65 acres
	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	
MELBOURNE METROPOLITAN AREA†—<i>continued</i>					
Mordialloc City	26,526	29,300	7,555	8,358	3,013
Northcote City†	44,746	56,700	13,364	16,783	4,229
Nunawading City	53,246	69,500	14,359	19,183	10,275
Oakleigh City	48,017	52,200	12,736	13,890	7,486
Port Melbourne City ..	12,370	12,000	3,399	3,500	2,628
Prahan City	52,554	57,300	19,259	21,398	2,361
Preston City	84,146	90,100	21,124	22,738	9,155
Richmond City	33,863	33,100	9,662	9,669	1,513
Ringwood City	24,427	28,200	6,661	7,751	5,625
Sandringham City	37,001	37,700	10,910	11,222	3,700
Sherbrooke Shire (Part)††	35,927	15,500	11,491	4,936	26,812
South Melbourne City ..	32,528	31,600	9,878	9,725	2,203
Springvale City	28,526	37,200	7,439	10,030	24,000
St. Kilda City	52,205	60,000	19,668	22,895	2,118
Sunshine City	62,321	68,900	14,470	16,547	19,775
Waverley City	44,987	63,000	11,702	17,052	14,585
Whittlesea Shire (Part)†	8,912	12,600	2,313	3,383	34,206
Williamstown City‡ ..	30,606	31,400	8,538	8,792	3,582
Total—Melbourne Metro- politan Area	1,911,895	2,121,900	541,441	610,868	519,791
CENTRAL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Bacchus Marsh Shire‡ ..	4,425	4,890	1,183	1,348	139,904
Ballan Shire	2,440	2,460	907	926	227,200
Bannockburn Shire	2,200	2,270	685	712	174,080
Barrabool Shire	2,344	2,560	1,517	1,922	146,560
Bass Shire	3,851	3,910	1,314	1,431	129,920
Bellarine Shire	10,127	12,400	3,587	4,747	81,920
Berwick Shire (Part)† ..	10,815	11,500	3,564	3,864	218,343
Bulla Shire (Part)† ..	4,243	4,570	831	944	89,779
Bungaree Shire	2,049	2,230	561	623	56,320
Buninyong Shire	4,313	4,670	1,236	1,356	192,000
Corio Shire	29,450	33,720	7,009	8,551	172,800
Cranbourne Shire	10,908	12,320	3,431	4,047	183,680
Eltham Shire (Part)† ..	3,830	4,130	1,331	1,467	64,736
Flinders Shire	10,512	12,950	8,731	10,828	80,000
Geelong City	18,019	18,690	5,336	5,593	3,322
Geelong West City	17,681	18,480	5,345	5,626	1,299
Gisborne Shire‡	2,145	2,250	812	868	68,736
Hastings Shire	6,883	7,610	2,367	2,721	71,680
Healesville Shire‡	6,068	6,230	1,968	2,015	222,720
Kilmore Shire (Part) (See North-Central Division) ..	773	770	229	231	63,360
Korumburra Shire	7,813	8,030	2,142	2,222	151,680
Lillydale Shire (Part)† ..	5,390	5,620	1,814	1,923	49,197
Melton Shire	1,804	2,250	505	678	111,298
Mornington Shire	7,819	9,080	3,375	4,059	22,400
Newtown and Chilwell City	11,788	12,290	3,435	3,614	1,480
Phillip Island Shire	1,241	1,410	794	1,100	24,960
Queenscliffe Borough ..	2,659	2,760	1,281	1,431	2,099
Romsey Shire	2,636	2,760	879	917	152,960
Sherbrooke Shire (Part)††	1,660	1,880	826	902	20,871
South Barwon Shire	16,794	20,560	5,207	6,679	40,856

For footnotes see page 127.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Municipality	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.65 acres
	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	

CENTRAL STATISTICAL DIVISION—*continued*

Upper Yarra Shire ..	5,692	5,910	1,916	2,006	391,680
Werribee Shire] ..	13,689	16,120	2,947	3,814	165,120
Whittlesea Shire (Part)† ..	2,578	2,790	783	865	113,632
Wonthaggi Borough ..	4,190	4,300	1,335	1,372	13,088
Not Incorporated (French Is.)	228	230	47	48	41,600
Total—Central Statistical Division¶ ..	239,057	264,600	79,230	91,450	3,691,280

NORTH-CENTRAL STATISTICAL DIVISION

Alexandra Shire‡ ..	4,545	4,590	1,555	1,631	470,400
Broadford Shire‡ ..	2,076	2,080	589	609	142,400
Castlemaine Town ..	7,216	7,300	2,108	2,204	5,760
Creswick Shire ..	3,587	3,620	1,100	1,136	136,320
Daylesford Borough ..	2,776	2,790	1,067	1,082	4,013
Glenlyon Shire ..	1,869	1,870	814	823	146,560
Kilmore Shire (Part) (See Central Division)‡ ..	1,955	1,980	448	481	62,400
Kyneton Shire ..	5,979	6,030	2,022	2,084	179,200
Maldon Shire ..	2,008	2,020	715	723	138,240
Maryborough City ..	7,235	7,290	2,245	2,318	5,760
McIvor Shire ..	2,140	2,150	624	646	357,120
Metcalfe Shire ..	2,316	2,330	743	772	145,920
Newham and Woodend Shire	2,102	2,120	682	704	60,800
Newstead Shire ..	1,874	1,880	665	675	101,120
Pyalong Shire ..	456	460	141	146	149,120
Seymour Shire ..	9,254	9,330	2,285	2,408	234,656
Talbot and Clunes Shire‡ ..	1,578	1,570	579	570	131,840
Tullaroop Shire ..	1,376	1,390	433	445	157,440
Yea Shire ..	2,697	2,700	959	965	338,144
Total—North-Central Statistical Division¶ ..	63,039	63,500	19,774	20,422	2,967,213

WESTERN STATISTICAL DIVISION

Ararat City ..	7,934	8,360	1,999	2,108	4,710
Ararat Shire ..	4,600	4,910	1,333	1,407	903,629
Ballaarat City ..	41,037	41,910	11,850	12,057	8,550
Ballararat Shire ..	10,102	11,970	2,346	2,804	117,760
Belfast Shire ..	1,917	1,950	492	504	128,000
Camperdown Town ..	3,446	3,640	1,010	1,056	3,591
Colac City ..	9,252	10,060	2,545	2,738	2,688
Colac Shire ..	7,326	7,520	1,968	2,008	360,320
Dundas Shire ..	4,072	4,170	1,165	1,189	856,064
Glenelg Shire ..	5,887	5,950	1,734	1,749	885,120

For footnotes see page 127.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Municipality	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.65 acres
	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	
WESTERN STATISTICAL DIVISION—<i>continued</i>					
Grenville Shire	1,833	1,870	605	617	208,640
Hamilton City	9,495	10,030	2,641	2,772	5,351
Hampden Shire	9,176	9,420	2,545	2,605	647,040
Heytesbury Shire ‡ ..	7,281	8,280	1,846	2,078	367,360
Koroit Borough	1,466	1,530	365	381	5,696
Leigh Shire	1,460	1,490	386	392	242,560
Lexton Shire	1,443	1,440	398	399	202,880
Minhamite Shire	2,907	2,990	762	785	337,280
Mortlake Shire	4,627	4,740	1,201	1,228	528,000
Mount Rouse Shire ..	3,056	3,140	858	878	350,720
Otway Shire ‡	3,970	4,270	1,317	1,437	477,632
Port Fairy Borough ..	2,426	2,630	813	863	5,683
Portland Town	6,014	6,720	1,857	2,032	5,978
Portland Shire	6,982	7,280	2,091	2,166	912,000
Ripon Shire	3,581	3,780	1,099	1,146	378,880
Sebastopol Borough ..	4,663	5,010	1,186	1,270	1,747
Wannon Shire	4,154	4,320	1,175	1,215	488,576
Warrnambool City	15,702	17,630	4,198	4,674	7,091
Warrnambool Shire ..	7,610	8,000	1,951	2,047	392,320
Winchelsea Shire ‡ ..	4,603	4,990	1,743	1,790	317,248
Not Incorporated (Lady Julia Percy Is. and Tower Hill Lake Reserve) .. ..	..	..	..	..	2,112
Total—Western Statistical Division	198,022	210,000	55,479	58,395	9,155,226
WIMMERA STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Arapiles Shire	2,133	2,160	584	612	491,520
Avoca Shire	2,153	2,160	729	739	277,760
Dimboola Shire	6,038	6,100	1,781	1,837	1,215,360
Donald Shire	2,921	2,950	849	884	357,760
Dunmunkle Shire	4,086	4,130	1,181	1,222	382,080
Horsham City	9,240	9,580	2,646	2,998	5,939
Kaniva Shire	2,408	2,450	693	727	762,240
Kara Kara Shire ‡ ..	1,421	1,420	441	450	566,560
Kowree Shire	5,426	5,460	1,492	1,522	1,331,200
Lowan Shire	3,872	3,920	1,212	1,257	663,040
St. Arnaud Town	3,150	3,190	922	953	6,279
Stawell Town	5,506	5,610	1,691	1,801	5,952
Stawell Shire ‡	2,193	2,250	784	837	646,240
Warracknabeal Shire ..	4,717	4,780	1,455	1,524	454,400
Wimmera Shire	3,535	3,540	961	970	645,760
Total—Wimmera Statistical Division	58,799	59,700	17,421	18,333	7,812,090

For footnotes see page 127.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Municipality	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.65
	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	
					acres
MALLEE STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Birchip Shire	1,899	1,960	498	498	362,880
Karkaroc Shire	4,168	4,310	1,162	1,162	919,040
Mildura City	12,279	13,170	3,458	3,458	5,408
Mildura Shire	16,340	16,870	4,548	4,548	2,605,440
Swan Hill City§	6,186	6,930	1,674	1,674	3,373
Swan Hill Shire	12,785	13,250	3,292	3,292	1,619,200
Walpeup Shire	4,548	4,730	1,191	1,191	2,667,520
Wycheproof Shire	4,747	4,980	1,243	1,243	1,016,960
Total—Mallee Statistical Division	62,952	66,200	17,066	17,066	9,199,821
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Bendigo City	30,195	31,410	9,110	9,508	8,032
Bet Bet Shire	2,078	2,110	694	707	229,120
Charlton Shire	2,492	2,570	683	710	290,560
Cobram Shire	4,798	5,210	1,212	1,346	108,800
Cohuna Shire	4,435	4,750	1,150	1,249	122,880
Deakin Shire	5,296	5,650	1,404	1,519	237,440
Eaglehawk Borough	4,926	5,060	1,511	1,558	3,584
East Loddon Shire	1,703	1,770	465	487	295,040
Echuca City§	6,443	7,100	1,773	1,979	4,378
Gordon Shire	3,227	3,370	915	961	499,840
Goulburn Shire	1,900	1,970	643	668	254,720
Huntly Shire	2,295	2,360	696	720	216,960
Kerang Shire	9,095	9,630	2,483	2,660	823,680
Korong Shire	3,816	3,870	1,211	1,231	589,440
Kyabram Borough	3,936	4,360	1,125	1,262	5,152
Marong Shire	6,100	6,590	1,754	1,907	368,000
Nathalia Shire	3,208	3,400	887	948	305,920
Numurkah Shire	6,111	6,360	1,532	1,612	178,560
Rochester Shire	7,253	7,550	1,978	2,076	480,000
Rodney Shire	10,635	11,570	2,758	3,070	254,080
Shepparton City †	13,580	16,370	3,790	4,694	6,600
Shepparton Shire †	6,113	6,090	1,546	1,566	228,516
Strathfieldsaye Shire	6,031	6,730	1,544	1,769	152,960
Tungamah Shire	2,446	2,840	667	794	282,240
Waranga Shire	4,528	4,690	1,304	1,358	408,320
Yarrawonga Shire	3,724	3,920	1,087	1,152	155,520
Total—Northern Statistical Division	156,364	167,300	43,922	47,511	6,510,342

For footnotes see page 127.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—continued

Municipality	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.65 acres
	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	
NORTH-EASTERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Beechworth Shire‡	4,845	4,940	1,085	1,116	190,656
Benalla City§||‡	8,260	8,410	2,102	2,307	4,335
Benalla Shire‡	3,692	3,790	1,022	1,059	573,777
Bright Shire	4,331	4,520	1,532	1,605	733,440
Chiltern Shire‡	1,652	1,660	498	504	122,944
Euroa Shire‡	4,833	5,030	1,433	1,510	348,800
Mansfield Shire	4,423	4,620	1,461	1,546	965,120
Myrtleford Shire	3,770	4,180	979	1,141	176,000
Omeo Shire	2,145	2,170	664	676	1,428,480
Oxley Shire	5,229	5,470	1,408	1,504	691,072
Rutherglen Shire	2,655	2,750	847	882	131,200
Towong Shire	4,207	4,300	1,234	1,271	1,025,280
Upper Murray Shire	2,938	3,260	820	950	607,360
Violet Town Shire	1,360	1,390	435	449	231,040
Wangaratta City	13,784	15,120	3,579	4,100	5,478
Wangaratta Shire	2,140	2,210	601	624	226,560
Wodonga Shire||	12,968	11,120	2,532	2,883	85,760
Yackandandah Shire	3,093	3,160	869	898	274,560
Total—North-Eastern Statistical Division¶	86,325	88,100	23,101	25,025	7,821,862
GIPPSLAND STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Alberton Shire	5,926	6,220	1,801	1,879	461,440
Avon Shire‡	3,214	3,330	793	814	625,920
Bairnsdale Shire‡	11,279	12,490	3,188	3,513	569,600
Buln Buln Shire	8,427	8,870	2,396	2,514	311,040
Maffra Shire	8,758	9,190	2,356	2,467	1,031,040
Mirboo Shire	2,052	2,180	556	587	62,720
Moe City§	15,463	17,000	3,727	4,124	5,286
Morwell Shire	18,359	20,920	4,511	5,176	165,760
Narracan Shire	9,343	9,800	2,545	2,665	570,880
Orbost Shire	6,179	6,630	1,818	1,937	2,368,000
Rosedale Shire	4,566	5,140	1,436	1,585	562,560
Sale City	7,899	8,650	2,135	2,326	5,363
South Gippsland Shire	5,247	5,860	1,506	1,664	353,920
Tambo Shire	5,431	5,900	1,889	2,014	867,840
Traralgon City§	12,300	14,030	3,067	3,514	4,930
Traralgon Shire	1,229	1,310	330	353	115,390
Warragul Shire	9,585	10,210	2,601	2,764	87,040
Woorayl Shire	8,784	9,960	2,637	2,940	307,840
Yallourn Works Area	5,010	4,610	1,192	1,163	8,653
Not Incorporated (Gippsland Lakes (Part) and Bass Strait Islands)	..	..	..	..	82,886
Total—Gippsland Statistical Division	149,051	162,300	40,484	43,999	8,568,108

For footnotes see page 127.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Municipality	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.65 acres
	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	

SUMMARY

Statistical Divisions—					
Metropolitan	1,911,895	2,121,900	541,441	610,868	519,791
Central [¶]	239,057	264,600	79,230	91,450	3,691,280
North-Central [¶]	63,039	63,500	19,774	20,422	2,967,213
Western	198,022	210,000	55,479	58,395	9,155,226
Wimmera	58,799	59,700	17,421	18,333	7,812,090
Mallee	62,952	66,200	17,066	18,138	9,199,821
Northern	156,364	167,300	43,922	47,511	6,510,342
North-Eastern [¶]	86,325	88,100	23,101	25,025	7,821,862
Gippsland	149,051	162,300	40,484	43,999	8,568,108
Migratory	4,609	4,476	..	..	..
Total—Victoria	2,930,113	3,208,076	837,918	934,141	56,245,733

PRINCIPAL URBAN AREAS

Geelong Urban Area—					
Geelong City	18,019	18,690	5,336	5,593	3,322
Geelong West City	17,681	18,480	5,345	5,626	1,299
Newtown and Chilwell City	11,788	12,290	3,435	3,614	1,480
Bellarine Shire (Part)	4,351	5,440	1,177	1,633	4,384
Corio Shire (Part)	25,712	29,360	6,083	7,356	7,546
South Barwon Shire (Part)	14,226	17,320	3,873	5,120	11,115
Total—Geelong Urban Area	91,777	101,580	25,249	28,942	29,146
Ballarat Urban Area—					
Ballaarat City	41,037	41,910	11,850	12,057	8,550
Sebastopol Borough	4,663	5,010	1,186	1,270	1,747
Ballarat Shire (Part)	8,348	10,110	1,854	2,279	3,744
Buninyong Shire (Part)	832	950	236	280	3,668
Total—Ballarat Urban Area	54,880	57,980	15,126	15,886	17,709
Bendigo Urban Area—					
Bendigo City	30,195	31,410	9,110	9,508	8,032
Eaglehawk Borough	4,926	5,060	1,511	1,558	3,584
Marong Shire (Part)	2,527	2,820	659	752	1,005
Strathfieldsaye Shire (Part)	2,679	3,240	745	921	1,683
Total—Bendigo Urban Area	40,327	42,530	12,025	12,739	14,304

For footnotes see page 127.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Municipality	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.65 acres
	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	At 30.6.61 (Census)	At 30.6.65 (Estimated)	
					acres
PRINCIPAL URBAN AREAS—<i>continued</i>					
Latrobe Valley—Urban**					
Yallourn Works Area ..	5,010	4,610	1,192	1,163	8,653
Moe City § ..	15,463	17,000	3,727	4,124	5,286
Traralgon City § ..	12,300	14,030	3,067	3,514	4,930
Morwell (N.M.) ..	14,833	17,080	3,582	4,151	5,504
Yallourn North (N.M.) ..	1,867	1,960	449	472	320
Total—Latrobe Valley—Urban ..	49,473	54,680	12,017	13,424	24,693

* Dwellings include private and other dwellings, whether occupied or unoccupied.

† The following portions of the Shires of Berwick, Bulla, Eltham, Lillydale, Sherbrooke, and Whittlesea, are included in the Melbourne Metropolitan Area:—

Berwick : Berwick and Doveton Ridings.

Bulla : Part of Mickleham Riding.

Eltham : West and Eltham Ridings, and part of Northern Riding.

Sherbrooke : Centre Riding, and parts of South and East Riding.

Lillydale : Western, North and Southern Ridings.

Whittlesea : Thomastown Riding and part of Morang Riding.

‡ During the period 1st July, 1961 to 30th June, 1965, the boundaries of the municipalities listed below were re-defined, with change of area. The effective date of the transfer of the area transferred and the acreage involved are shown in each case.

Bacchus Marsh Shire to Gisborne Shire—1st October, 1961, 4,736 acres.

Kara Kara Shire to Stawell Shire—1st October, 1961, 480 acres.

Shepparton Shire to Shepparton City—1st October, 1961, 1,884 acres.

Broadford Shire to Kilmore Shire—23rd May, 1962, 2,240 acres.

Altona Shire to Williamstown City—30th May, 1962, 205 acres.

Heidelberg City to Northcote City—1st October, 1962, 1,410 acres.

Alexandra Shire to Euroa Shire—1st October, 1963, 17,920 acres.

Healesville Shire to Alexandra Shire—1st October, 1963, 26,240 acres.

Heytesbury Shire to Otway Shire—1st October, 1963, 14,080 acres.

Winchelsea Shire to Otway Shire—1st October, 1963, 27,712 acres.

Fern Tree Gully Shire to Knox Shire—16th November, 1963, 27,200 acres.

Benalla Borough to Benalla Shire—1st February, 1964, 209 acres.

Beechworth Shire to Chiltern Shire—1st February, 1964, 64 acres.

Heidelberg City to Diamond Valley Shire—30th September, 1964, 21,080 acres.

Bairnsdale Shire to Avon Shire—1st October, 1964, 37,120 acres.

The Shire of Talbot and Borough of Clunes were united under the name of Shire of Talbot and Clunes—31st May, 1965.

The Shire of Ferntree Gully was renamed the Shire of Sherbrooke from 15th December, 1964.

§ The following boroughs were declared cities:—Moe (6th March, 1963), Traralgon (2nd April, 1964), Echuca (1st March, 1965), Swan Hill (12th March, 1965), and Benalla (26th May, 1965).

¶ Following the adjustment of the boundaries of the Shires of Healesville, Alexandra, and Euroa, the boundaries of the corresponding Statistical Divisions (Central, North-Central, and North-Eastern) have been adjusted to avoid having the Shires of Alexandra and Euroa partly in one Division and partly in another. As the populations involved in these transfers were extremely small, it is considered that the adjustment of Statistical Division boundaries does not materially affect comparisons with previous statistics relating to these Divisions. The effect of this adjustment has been to decrease the area of the Central Statistical Division by 26,240 acres and to increase the areas of the North-Central and North-Eastern Statistical Divisions by 8,320 acres and 17,920 acres, respectively.

|| The populations of the City of Benalla and the Shire of Wodonga include residents at migrant centres.

** This refers to the urban components of the Latrobe Valley Sub-Regional Planning Area. The Planning Area contained a population of 52,917 at Census date, 30th June, 1961, and had an estimated population of 58,420 at 30th June, 1965.

Immigration

General

Since the end of the Second World War, a programme of planned, large-scale immigration has been one of Australia's major objectives. The reasons include :—

- (1) *Economic factors.* The desire to develop Australia's resources in order to strengthen and diversify the economy, increase living standards, and maintain full employment.
- (2) *Strategic factors.* The Second World War brought realization of the need to populate and develop Australia as rapidly as possible.
- (3) *Social and humanitarian factors.* The desire to help many refugees and others in Europe, who were unable or unwilling to return to former homelands, and who wished to emigrate overseas.
- (4) *Demographic factors.* The low birthrate during the depression years meant that the numbers entering the workforce would not be sufficient to meet the needs of expansion.

Between October, 1945, and December, 1965, 2,408,403 persons came to Australia as "permanent and long-term arrivals", 1,191,085 of whom were assisted migrants.

Annual Immigration Programmes

Australia's annual immigration programmes are based on "settler arrivals", i.e., persons who on arrival in Australia declare their intention of remaining here permanently. The target figure is determined each year in the light of existing economic conditions.

The 1965-66 immigration programme provides for 145,000 settlers. During this period, arrivals against this programme totalled 144,055.

Sources of Migrants

The immigration programme has three major components :—

- (1) Assisted migrants from the United Kingdom, Europe, and certain other countries (see below) ;
- (2) the traditional "free flow" of British subjects coming to Australia outside the assisted immigration programme ;
and
- (3) other persons coming to Australia outside the assisted passage programme who, before entry, are required to obtain visas.

Australian Migration Missions Overseas

The Commonwealth Department of Immigration maintains offices in the United Kingdom, Germany, Netherlands, Belgium, Denmark, Sweden (also covering Finland and Norway), Austria, Italy, Greece, Spain, Switzerland, France, Malta, United Arab Republic, Hong Kong, and Lebanon.

Assisted Migration

Australia has assisted migration agreements with the United Kingdom, Malta, Germany, and the Netherlands and a renewal of the agreement with Italy is under negotiation. In addition, there are migration arrangements, made in conjunction with the Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration, with Austria, Belgium, Greece, and Spain. (The Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration also takes part in assisted migration from Germany, the Netherlands, and Italy.) Assistance is also given by Australia under the General Assisted Passage Scheme to nationals of Denmark, Eire, Finland, France, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, the United States of America, countries of Central and South America, to nationals of Spain and Portugal living outside their home countries, and to certain other categories of migrants. Assistance under the General Assisted Passage Scheme is also available to a wide range of British nationals living outside the United Kingdom.

Assisted arrivals in Australia under various schemes, from their inception to December, 1965, have been as follows :—

**AUSTRALIA : PERSONS ARRIVING UNDER ASSISTED
MIGRATION SCHEMES**

Assisted Migration Scheme	Date of Commencement of Scheme	Number
United Kingdom	April, 1947 ..	626,742
Refugee	November, 1947 ..	212,275
German	August, 1952 ..	77,166
Netherlands	April, 1951 ..	69,164
Italian	August, 1951 ..	41,130
Greek	August, 1952 ..	40,930
Maltese	January, 1949 ..	36,917
General Assisted Passage Schemes ..	September, 1954 ..	29,413
Austrian	August, 1952 ..	18,922
Spanish	August, 1958 ..	8,026
Belgian	February, 1961 ..	1,718
Other Schemes .. .. .	.. .. .	28,682
Total .. .. .	.. .. .	1,191,085

Immigration Organization

The State Government, through its Immigration Office, plays an important part in British assisted migration. (See also below.) It receives personal nominations for relatives and friends, and employer nominations for workers, and is also responsible for the reception and after-care arrangements for those migrants. Other official immigration functions are the responsibility of the Commonwealth Department of Immigration, which has a branch office in Melbourne.

Government activity in the field of migration is aided and supplemented by a number of advisory bodies and voluntary organizations, including the Commonwealth Immigration Planning Council, the Commonwealth Immigration Advisory Council, the Commonwealth Immigration Publicity Council, the Good Neighbour Movement, and the Citizenship Convention held each year in Canberra.

Accommodation

Initial accommodation may be provided in centres and hostels for assisted migrants. The Victorian State Government has a reception centre for British migrants arriving under State auspices.

The Commonwealth Department of Immigration has a Migrant Reception Centre at Bonegilla for assisted European migrants, and a Migrant Accommodation Centre at Benalla, while Commonwealth Hostels Limited has nine hostels in Victoria at Altona, Broadmeadows, Brooklyn, Fisherman's Bend, Holmesglen, Maribyrnong, Norlane, Nunawading, and Preston where assisted British and European migrants stay until they have arranged private accommodation.

State Immigration Office

The State Immigration Office was formed as a result of an agreement at the Premiers' Conference of 1946, when the States undertook the responsibility of dealing with nominations of British migrants, their reception, transit accommodation, travel to their final destination, and aftercare.

The ultimate arrival of a migrant in Victoria usually stems from a personal nomination lodged on his account by a resident of the State or by a group nomination. The former may be a relative, friend, or employer; the latter are usually commercial enterprises which seek to recruit particular categories of workers. The most essential requirement of any nomination is that an adequate guarantee of accommodation be provided.

Between January, 1947 and December, 1965, the State approved 45,347 personal nominations involving 115,365 persons. Under personal and group nominations, 115,032 British migrants have arrived in Victoria. Many of these migrants have been skilled technicians sponsored by group nominations such as Victorian Railways, Melbourne and Metropolitan Tramways Board, and the State Electricity Commission. Their arrival has greatly augmented Victoria's labour force.

The State Immigration Office has its own group nomination, under which single persons or married couples who are without sponsors may apply for assisted passages. The nomination is in no way restricted to any particular type of occupation ; it is open to all. Migrants who arrive under this nomination are provided with accommodation at the State Immigration Reception Centre until such time as private accommodation is available. At the same time, the Office undertakes to secure employment for these migrants.

The State Immigration Office renders every assistance in order that migrants may be quickly assimilated into the Victorian community. Where migrants who have arrived under personal nomination are experiencing accommodation difficulties, temporary hostel accommodation is sometimes provided. Assistance is also given in securing suitable employment. The welfare facilities of the State Office are available to migrants and close liaison is maintained with churches and social organizations.

Immigration into Victoria

Because of interstate movements, oversea migration for a particular State can only be measured at the time of a Census from information gathered on birthplace, nationality, and period of residence in Australia.

A comparison of the results of the 1961 Census with those of the 1947 Census shows clearly the contribution of immigration to Victoria's population growth. Between 1947 and 1961 the State's population grew from 2,054,701 to 2,930,113—an increase of 875,412. Persons born overseas who had arrived in Australia since 30th June, 1947, totalled 439,380 in 1961, representing more than half—50·2 per cent.—of the increase in the population of Victoria during that time. (This gain is augmented when births to migrant parents are taken into consideration.)

Of all oversea-born persons living in Australia at 30th June, 1961, and who had come to Australia between 1st July, 1947 and that date, 35·1 per cent. were living in Victoria at the date of the 1961 Census.

At 30th June, 1961, one person in every five in Victoria was born outside Australia—569,690 persons in a population of 2,930,113. This is more than twice the proportion and three times the number in 1947—178,600, 8·7 per cent. of a population of 2,054,701.

Major birthplaces of the oversea-born in 1961 were United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland 206,369, Italy 91,075, Germany 39,291, Netherlands 36,284, Greece 31,763, Poland 23,794, Malta 17,844, Yugoslavia 17,217, and New Zealand 11,476.

Of the 569,690 Victorian residents born overseas, 236,890 had been in Australia for less than seven years, 202,490 arrived between 1947 and 1954, and 119,306 arrived prior to 1947. (Details for the remaining 11,004 oversea-born persons are not known.)

Oversea Arrivals and Departures

Oversea arrivals and departures in each State, during the years 1961 to 1965, are shown in the following table :—

**AUSTRALIA—OVERSEA ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES
BY STATES**

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australia
ARRIVALS								
1961..	195,573	73,939	15,482	8,338	17,152	119	2,487	313,090
1962..	214,837	68,952	16,220	7,139	22,411	52	2,713	332,324
1963..	249,208	71,860	22,280	8,845	25,354	130	3,050	380,727
1964..	294,578	86,467	28,309	12,370	27,135	92	3,406	452,357
1965..	346,099	100,525	32,766	9,869	31,735	101	4,041	525,136
DEPARTURES								
1961..	174,422	43,132	14,114	5,495	12,246	258	1,900	251,567
1962..	189,492	42,734	15,824	5,574	14,027	132	2,019	269,802
1963..	215,889	44,711	23,674	6,031	16,020	199	2,558	309,082
1964..	247,276	51,079	26,321	6,880	18,535	193	2,731	353,015
1965..	297,716	55,706	32,374	8,706	22,298	208	3,272	420,280

NOTE.—The above table indicates the State or Territory where passengers disembarked from or embarked on the ship or aircraft. Because numbers of passengers use interstate transport to commence or complete their journey, the figures do not indicate the precise effect on the population of the States of movements to and from oversea countries.

The following table shows details of permanent and long term movement and short term movement to and from Australia and Victoria for the years 1961 to 1965 :—

AUSTRALIA AND VICTORIA—OVERSEA MIGRATION

Year	Australia					Victoria*			
	Permanent and Long Term Movement†		Short Term Movement		Total	Permanent and Long Term Movement†	Short Term Movement		Total
	Settlers	Other	Australian Residents Returning or Departing Temporarily	Visitors			Australian Residents Returning or Departing Temporarily	Visitors	
ARRIVALS									
1961..	95,407	32,179	86,208	99,296	313,090	50,197	14,438	9,304	73,939
1962..	90,464	34,521	95,915	111,424	332,324	43,739	14,421	10,792	68,952
1963..	108,150	36,018	111,182	125,377	380,727	43,412	16,061	12,387	71,860
1964..	134,464	38,661	131,354	147,878	452,357	53,418	18,480	14,569	86,467
1965..	147,507	43,757	160,544	173,328	525,136	62,375	22,093	16,057	100,525
DEPARTURES									
1961..	8,240	50,907	89,880	102,540	251,567	17,455	16,077	9,600	43,132
1962..	8,518	51,829	95,872	113,583	269,802	17,051	15,653	10,030	42,734
1963..	9,102	58,222	112,427	129,331	309,082	16,709	17,275	10,727	44,711
1964..	7,828	61,298	133,248	150,641	353,015	16,890	20,561	13,628	51,079
1965..	14,803	64,852	161,692	178,933	420,280	18,373	23,138	14,195	55,706

* See note to preceding table.

† "Permanent and Long Term" movement relates to persons arriving who state that they intend to reside in Australia permanently or for a period of one year or more, and to persons departing who state that they intend to reside abroad permanently or for a period of one year or more.

Oversea arrivals and departures in Victoria, according to country of embarkation or disembarkation, are shown in the following tables for the year 1965 :—

VICTORIA—OVERSEA ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES, 1965

Countries	Number	
	Embarking	Disembarking
Commonwealth Countries—		
United Kingdom and Ireland	37,148	13,310
Canada	281	495
Ceylon	458	232
Cyprus	252	..
Fiji	15	51
Hong Kong	641	345
India	228	214
Malta	1,729	516
Malaysia (Excl. Singapore)	84	81
Nauru	296	393
New Guinea	53	10
New Zealand	23,112	20,644
Pakistan	14	..
Papua	72	217
Singapore	634	952
Other	698	540
Total Commonwealth	65,715	38,000
Foreign Countries—		
Egypt	823	146
France	11	246
Germany	1,706	383
Greece	11,866	2,893
Israel	80	139
Italy	14,849	8,567
Japan	1,513	1,625
Netherlands	2,009	1,223
Philippines	33	99
Portugal	5	55
South Africa	947	974
Spain	10	70
Sweden	80	7
Switzerland	55	36
United States of America	678	957
Other	145	286
Total Foreign	34,810	17,706
Total Commonwealth and Foreign	100,525	55,706

The following table shows the nationalities of the permanent and long term arrivals and departures in 1965 whose State of disembarkation or embarkation was Victoria :—

VICTORIA—NATIONALITY OF PERMANENT AND LONG TERM ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES, 1965

Nationality	Arrivals	Departures	Nationality	Arrivals	Departures
British ..	36,692	13,077	Lebanese ..	296	9
Irish ..	500	72	Norwegian ..	45	18
American (U.S.)	143	139	Polish* ..	645	65
Austrian ..	264	158	Portugese ..	81	1
Belgian ..	75	16	Romanian ..	9	..
Chinese ..	20	24	Russian† ..	49	13
Czechoslovak ..	20	4	South African		
Danish ..	152	10	(So Described)	138	54
Dutch ..	942	714	Spanish ..	335	134
Egyptian ..	250	12	Swedish ..	81	17
Finnish ..	36	29	Swiss ..	188	27
French ..	200	28	Syrian ..	33	..
German ..	1,446	766	Turkish ..	40	4
Greek ..	11,058	1,057	Yugoslav ..	1,783	109
Hungarian ..	36	24	Stateless‡ ..	551	18
Israeli ..	16	14	Other ..	207	54
Italian ..	6,044	1,706			
			Total ..	62,375	18,373

* Includes "Stateless" who were formerly Polish.

† Includes "Stateless" who were formerly Russian.

‡ Includes "Stateless" with former nationality stated but other than Polish or Russian.

Citizenship and Naturalization

The *Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948* commenced on Australia Day (26th January), 1949, and repealed all previous Commonwealth legislation on this subject. The most significant effect of the Act was the creation for the first time of the status of "Australian Citizen". In this respect the Act was complementary to citizenship legislation passed or about to be passed by other countries of the British Commonwealth. All Australian citizens, and the citizens of other countries of the British Commonwealth, are declared to be British subjects. Australian citizenship was automatically acquired as from 26th January, 1949, by persons who were British subjects at that date and who either (a) were born in Australia or New Guinea; or (b) were naturalized in Australia; or (c) had been residing in Australia during the five years immediately preceding 26th January, 1949; or (d) were born outside Australia of fathers to whom (a) or (b) above applied (provided the persons concerned had entered Australia without being placed under any immigration restriction); or (e) were women who had been married to men who became Australian citizens under the above headings (provided that the women concerned

had entered Australia without being placed under immigration restriction). For the purposes of the Act, "Australia" includes Norfolk Island and the Territory of Papua, and by an amendment of the Act in 1950 it was further provided that Nauru shall be treated in the same manner as New Guinea.

Since the Act's commencement, citizenship may be acquired in the following ways :—(1) By birth in Australia ; (2) by birth outside Australia of a father who is an Australian citizen, provided that the birth is registered at an Australian Consulate ; (3) by registration—Certificates of Registration as Australian citizens may be granted by the Minister to British subjects or Irish citizens who make application and satisfy the Minister that they can comply with specified requirements as to residence in Australia, good character, and intention to reside permanently in Australia ; and (4) by naturalization—Certificates of Naturalization as Australian citizens may be granted by the Minister to aliens who make application and can comply with requirements somewhat similar to those previously required under the *Nationality Act* 1920–1946. Requirements for naturalization are :—(1) Generally, five years' residence in Australia is required, but residence in other British countries or service under a British government may be accepted (special concessions in the matter of residence qualifications in respect of persons who have voluntarily enlisted in the armed forces were made by an amending Act of 1952) ; (2) the applicants must have an adequate knowledge of the responsibilities and privileges of citizenship ; and (3) Certificates do not take effect until the applicant takes the Oath of Allegiance. The oath is taken, and citizenship is conferred, at public ceremonies held in the Town Hall of the applicant's place of residence, and presided over by the mayor or equivalent head of the local government.

The Declaration of Intention to apply for naturalization, which was introduced by the original Act of 1948, is no longer compulsory, although it can still be made if an intending applicant so desires. This change was made by the amending Acts of 1955 and 1959 under the provisions of which aliens may lodge applications on completing four and a half years' residence, but may not be granted naturalization until five years' residence has been completed.

Under the Act, the independence of married women in nationality matters is recognized, and British nationality is restored to those women who had lost it through marriage to aliens. Marriage does not now affect a woman's nationality. Alien women who marry Australian citizens may, however, be naturalized under somewhat easier conditions than those which apply to other aliens.

The following table shows the persons of each nationality granted naturalization certificates in Victoria during the five years 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—PREVIOUS NATIONALITY OF PERSONS NATURALIZED

Nationality	Number of Naturalization Certificates Granted					Total Granted 1961 to 1965	
	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	No.	%
Albanian	27	55	25	13	15	135	0.21
Austrian	219	269	245	272	207	1,212	1.93
Belgian	8	8	16	5	7	44	0.07
Bulgarian	19	15	23	13	15	85	0.14
Byelorussian	13	10	14	13	10	60	0.10
Chinese	64	92	63	107	59	385	0.61
Czechoslovak	134	136	99	80	84	533	0.85
Danish	10	70	66	52	46	244	0.39
Dutch	1,557	2,399	1,465	1,646	1,503	8,570	13.67
Estonian	67	86	45	47	16	261	0.42
Finnish	13	25	16	51	54	159	0.25
French	39	56	41	36	32	204	0.33
German	1,018	1,466	1,052	1,138	1,062	5,736	9.15
Greek	1,405	2,104	1,885	1,664	1,579	8,637	13.78
Hungarian	191	1,435	1,082	696	599	4,003	6.39
Israeli	257	264	200	212	128	1,061	1.69
Italian	3,222	3,839	3,038	3,088	3,209	16,396	26.16
Japanese	27	28	16	15	16	102	0.16
Latvian	268	327	202	164	108	1,069	1.71
Lebanese	50	66	51	41	35	243	0.38
Lithuanian	129	184	85	73	66	537	0.86
Norwegian	17	36	16	20	15	104	0.17
Polish	907	1,232	1,130	1,065	903	5,237	8.35
Romanian	28	64	41	33	29	195	0.31
Russian	69	119	101	112	72	473	0.76
Spanish	16	33	16	21	16	102	0.16
Swedish	8	13	4	11	6	42	0.07
Swiss	38	54	32	35	33	192	0.30
Turkish	5	13	5	17	12	52	0.09
Ukrainian	342	439	302	195	199	1,477	2.35
Yugoslav	513	825	812	1,024	1,120	4,294	6.85
U.S. American	10	20	16	25	16	87	0.14
Other Nationalities	26	42	43	22	30	163	0.26
Stateless	102	146	149	90	97	584	0.94
Total	10,818	15,970	12,396	12,096	11,398	62,678	100.00

NOTE.—The above figures relate to the number of certificates granted, and do not represent the total number of persons affected by the certificates. In addition to the figures shown, there were 2,610 children in 1961, 3,538 in 1962, 2,055 in 1963, 1,799, in 1964, and 1,670 in 1965 affected by the grant of certificates.

Aborigines in Victoria

There are about 3,500 part-Aborigines in Victoria, of whom 121 live on reserves. There are about 600 in Melbourne, and the rest are in country districts. Welfare staff pay particular attention to health, housing, education, employment and general welfare, and work in close co-operation with the Department of Health, hospitals, and municipal authorities to ensure that the health of the Aborigines is improved.

One hundred and four houses for Aboriginal families have been provided by the Aborigines Welfare Board in the last eight years, the majority being new homes, specially designed and constructed, and located on ordinary town allotments, with three and four bedrooms.

Eighty-six other families have become tenants of Housing Commission homes in the usual way. The Government is expanding this programme through the agency of the Board and the Housing Commission. Low rents and a scheme of rental subsidies have been approved.

In co-operation with the Education Department, Aborigines Welfare Board Officers are ensuring that, as far as possible, children of school age are enrolled and attend school regularly. One hundred and ninety-one were enrolled in 1966 in secondary schools. Most receive some financial assistance from Government or voluntary sources, according to need. Aboriginal children also participate in special holiday schemes.

The constant aim of the Board is to encourage Aborigines to become self-reliant and able to take their place in the Australian community.

There are 4,586 acres set aside as Aboriginal reserves at Lake Tyers and Framlingham. Lake Tyers has a population of 61 and Framlingham has 60.

In 1964-65, Government expenditure on Aboriginal welfare was \$282,190 in addition to Commonwealth Social Service payments.

Vital Statistics

Introduction

Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages

The system of compulsory registration of births, deaths, and marriages in Victoria has been in force since 1853, and the registers contain all necessary information bearing on the family history of the people. The statutory duties under the Registration Acts are performed by the Government Statist, who has supervision over registration officers, registrars of marriages, and (relating to their registration duties) the clergymen who celebrate marriages. Copies of entries certified by the Government Statist or by an Assistant Government Statist or an authorized registration officer are *prima facie* evidence in the Courts of Australia of the facts to which they relate. At the Government Statist's Office there is kept for reference a complete collection of all registrations effected since 1st July, 1853, as well as originals or certified copies of all existing church records relating to earlier periods, as far back as 1837.

Law Relating to Births, Deaths, and Marriages

The various Acts relating to the registration of births, deaths, and marriages in Victoria were consolidated in 1958.

In November, 1959, a Bill was placed before Parliament to reorganize the system of registration of births and deaths in Victoria. This new legislation known as the *Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages Act 1959*, which came into operation on 1st October, 1960, was designed to allow registrations of births and deaths to be effected by post instead of through those persons who previously held office as Registrars of Births and Deaths. No alteration, however, was made to the system of registration of marriages. In 1961, the Commonwealth Parliament passed the *Marriage Act 1961*. A few minor provisions (relating mainly to certain extensions of the application of the prohibited

degrees) came into operation on the date the Act received the Royal Assent (6th May, 1961), and the remainder of the Act came into operation on 1st September, 1963. On this date, the Act superseded the marriage laws of all the States, the two mainland Territories, and Norfolk Island.

The principal numbers and rates relating to vital statistics in Victoria from 1961 to 1965 are given in the following table :—

VICTORIA—SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS

Year	Number of—				Rate per 1,000 of Mean Population †			Infant Mortality
	Marriages	Live Births	Deaths	Infant Deaths *	Marriages	Live Births	Deaths	Deaths under One Year per 1,000 Live Births
1961	21,264	65,886	24,500	1,173	7·26	22·51	8·37	17·80
1962	22,393	65,890	25,847	1,219	7·49	22·04	8·64	18·50
1963	22,061	65,649	26,920	1,242	7·22	21·49	8·81	18·92
1964	24,169	64,990	27,548	1,098	7·72	20·77	8·80	16·89
1965	26,421	63,550	28,031	1,109	8·24	19·81	8·74	17·45

* Included in deaths.

† Subject to revision.

Marriages

Marriages in Victoria in 1965 numbered 26,421, an increase of 2,252 on the number registered in 1964. The rate per 1,000 of mean population in 1965 was 8·24, compared with a rate of 7·72 in 1964. The highest rate ever recorded in Victoria was 12·06 in 1942, and the lowest 5·66 in 1931.

The following tables show the number of marriages and the marriage rate per 1,000 of mean population in the Australian States and Territories for each of the five years 1961 to 1965 :—

AUSTRALIA—NUMBER OF MARRIAGES

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1961.. ..	29,773	21,264	10,392	6,804	5,150	2,677	207	419	76,686
1962.. ..	30,360	22,393	10,642	7,021	5,466	2,485	243	480	79,090
1963.. ..	30,999	22,061	11,431	7,302	5,755	2,579	260	529	80,916
1964.. ..	32,633	24,169	11,752	7,765	6,023	2,869	233	569	86,013
1965.. ..	35,176	26,421	12,967	8,680	6,448	2,888	296	670	93,546

AUSTRALIA—MARRIAGE RATES*

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory†	Australian Capital Territory†	Australia
1961.. ..	7·61	7·26	6·86	7·02	6·98	7·57	7·9	7·1	7·30
1962.. ..	7·63	7·49	6·91	7·10	7·24	6·91	9·0	7·3	7·39
1963.. ..	7·65	7·22	7·32	7·24	7·44	7·08	9·1	7·2	7·41
1964.. ..	7·92	7·72	7·41	7·52	7·62	7·81	7·4	7·0	7·72
1965.. ..	8·38	8·24	8·07	8·24	8·00	7·82	8·7	7·5	8·23

* Subject to revision.

† Based on too few events to warrant calculation to second place of decimals.

The relative ages of bridegrooms and brides who married in Victoria in 1965 are shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—RELATIVE AGES OF BRIDEGROOMS AND BRIDES, 1965

Ages of Bridegrooms* (Years)	Ages of Brides* (Years)														Total Bridegrooms
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 and over	
16	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
17	9	16	14	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	40
18	1	3	101	147	149	59	35	35	1	..	..	..	..	..	531
19	7	110	192	271	212	114	93	9	1	..	..	..	..	1,009
20	5	96	234	376	318	224	230	17	1	..	..	..	..	1,501
21 to 24	1	157	432	1,052	1,593	1,985	5,014	482	34	10	3	..	..	10,763
25 to 29	42	124	364	565	812	3,558	1,372	202	36	20	5	2	7,102
30 to 34	1	2	15	38	83	124	745	714	299	132	32	18	6	2,209
35 to 39	4	6	14	8	192	298	261	216	78	49	19	1,145
40 to 44	1	4	2	42	90	120	160	132	54	35	640
45 to 49	1	15	23	47	90	86	82	42	386
50 to 54	5	9	24	37	98	77	87	337
55 to 59	2	7	5	15	32	56	135	252
60 to 64	1	2	1	9	18	35	144	210
65 and over	2	5	8	16	262	293
Total Brides	1	17	519	1,165	2,271	2,848	3,305	9,933	3,024	997	710	507	392	732	26,421

* The number of bridegrooms under 18 years and brides under 16 years of age are restricted by the provisions of the *Marriage Act* 1961, see pages 137-138.

Of every 1,000 men who married during 1965, 786 were older and 125 were younger than their brides, and 89 were of the same age. In 1965 the oldest bridegroom was aged 86 years and the oldest bride 87 years.

The percentages in age groups of bridegrooms and brides who married in 1965 are shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—PERCENTAGES OF BRIDEGROOMS AND BRIDES IN AGE GROUPS, 1965

Age Group (Years)	Percentage of Total		Age Group (Years)	Percentage of Total	
	Bridegrooms	Brides		Bridegrooms	Brides
14 .. ..	..	*	30 to 34 ..	8.4	3.8
15 .. ..	..	*	35 to 39 ..	4.3	2.7
16 .. ..	..	*	40 to 44 ..	2.5	1.9
17	0.1	4.4	45 to 49 ..	1.4	1.5
18	2.0	8.6	50 to 54 ..	1.3	1.1
19	3.8	10.8	55 to 59 ..	0.9	0.6
20	5.7	12.5	60 and over ..	2.0	1.1
21 to 24 ..	40.8	37.6			
25 to 29 ..	26.8	11.4			
				100.0	100.0

* Less than 0.1.

The number of minors marrying at each age and the proportion of each sex to the total marriages are given in the following table for each of the five years 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—MARRIAGES OF MINORS

Year	Age in Years								Total		
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	Number	Percentage of Total Marriages	
BRIDEGROOMS											
1961	14	88	260	617	976	1,955	9·19
1962	2	17	72	279	606	1,083	2,059	9·19
1963	1	14	89	320	638	1,066	2,128	9·65
1964	6	36	415	727	1,302	2,486	10·29
1965	3	40	531	1,009	1,501	3,084	11·67
BRIDES											
1961	..	2	11	87	383	921	1,456	2,211	2,524	7,595	35·72
1962	..	1	15	113	449	951	1,535	2,235	2,758	8,057	35·98
1963	..	2	16	104	491	930	1,622	2,325	2,640	8,130	36·85
1964	10	532	1,104	1,849	2,564	3,114	9,173	37·95
1965	1	17	519	1,165	2,271	2,848	3,305	10,126	38·33

A feature of Victorian marriages since the end of the Second World War has been the increase in the proportion of marriages which involve minors. In 1947, 4·82 per cent. of bridegrooms and 22·94 per cent. of brides were under 21 years of age. In 1965, these percentages were 11·67 and 38·33 respectively, and in 10·2 per cent. of marriages both parties were under 21 years of age.

The mean ages at marriage, according to conjugal condition, are shown in the following table for each of the five years 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—MEAN AGE AT MARRIAGE

Year	Bridegrooms				Brides				
	Bachelors	Widowers	Divorced	All Bridegrooms	Spinsters	Widows	Divorced	All Brides	
1961	..	26·2	57·0	41·4	28·2	23·0	49·5	37·9	24·9
1962	..	26·3	56·9	42·0	28·2	23·0	49·5	38·0	24·8
1963	..	26·0	56·3	42·3	27·9	22·8	49·6	38·3	24·6
1964	..	25·8	56·7	43·0	27·7	22·7	49·3	38·0	24·4
1965	..	25·6	56·0	41·8	27·5	22·5	50·1	37·9	24·3

In general terms, the age in relation to which approximately half the number of bachelors was younger, and approximately half was older (the median age), was 24 years. The corresponding age for spinsters was 21 years. More bachelors were married at 23 years and spinsters at 21 years (the modal ages) than at any other age.

In the following tables are given the number of persons in each conjugal condition marrying during each of the five years 1961 to 1965, and the proportions in each condition for periods since 1930 :—

VICTORIA—CONJUGAL CONDITION OF PERSONS MARRYING

Period	Bridegrooms			Brides			Total Marriages
	Bachelors	Widowers	Divorced	Spinsters	Widows	Divorced	
1961 ..	19,407	836	1,021	19,279	868	1,117	21,264
1962 ..	20,459	864	1,070	20,316	887	1,190	22,393
1963 ..	20,142	839	1,080	20,112	784	1,165	22,061
1964 ..	22,172	771	1,226	22,064	849	1,256	24,169
1965 ..	24,190	870	1,361	24,126	927	1,368	26,421

VICTORIA—TOTAL MARRIAGES IN 1965 AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS MARRYING IN EACH CONJUGAL CONDITION, 1930 TO 1965

Marriages Between—	1965		Conjugal Condition	Percentage of Total—			
	Number	Percentage		1930-39	1940-49	1950-59	1965
BRIDEGROOMS							
Bachelors and Spinsters ..	23,092	87.4	Bachelors	92.3	90.5	89.5	91.5
Bachelors and Widows ..	315	1.1	Widowers	5.5	4.9	4.5	3.3
Bachelors and Divorced Women ..	783	3.0	Divorced	2.2	4.6	6.0	5.2
Widowers and Spinsters ..	289	1.1	Total ..	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Widowers and Widows ..	425	1.6					
Widowers and Divorced Women ..	156	0.6	BRIDES				
Divorced Men and Spinsters ..	745	2.8	Spinsters	94.4	91.4	89.2	91.3
Divorced Men and Widows ..	187	0.7	Widows ..	3.4	3.9	4.4	3.4
Divorced Men and Divorced Women ..	429	1.7	Divorced	3.2	4.7	6.4	5.3
Total Marriages ..	26,421	100.0	Total ..	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

In 1965, the number of marriages celebrated by ministers of religion was 24,167 representing 91 per cent. of the total marriages. Civil marriages numbered 2,254 or 9 per cent. of the total.

The number and proportion of civil marriages and of marriages solemnized according to the rites of the principal religious denominations for the year 1965 is shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—MARRIAGES, RELIGIOUS AND CIVIL, 1965

Category of Celebrant	Number	Proportion of Total Marriages
Ministers of Religion :—		Per cent.
Recognised Denominations*		
Roman Catholic Church	7,306	27·65
Church of England in Australia	5,843	22·11
The Presbyterian Church of Australia	3,856	14·60
The Methodist Church of Australasia	2,841	10·75
Orthodox Church†	1,840	6·96
Churches of Christ in Australia	447	1·70
The Baptist Union of Australia	368	1·39
Congregational Union of Australia	352	1·33
Lutheran Church†	259	0·98
Jewry	157	0·60
The Salvation Army	121	0·45
Seventh Day Adventist Church	60	0·23
Jehovah's Witnesses	50	0·19
Unitarians	38	0·14
Christian Brethren	37	0·14
Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints	34	0·13
Other Recognised Denominations	96	0·37
Other Ministers	462	1·74
Total Ministers of Religion	24,167	91·46
Civil Officers	2,254	8·54
Total Marriages	26,421	100·00

* Under authority of the Commonwealth *Marriage Act* 1961.

† Includes churches grouped under this heading in the proclamation made under the Commonwealth *Marriage Act*.

The following table shows the number of civil marriages and proportion to total marriages performed for each of the five years 1961 to 1965. The number of civil marriages performed in the Office of the Government Statist and the proportion of these to total civil marriages are also shown.

VICTORIA—CIVIL MARRIAGES

Year	Total Civil Marriages		Performed in the Office of the Government Statist	
	Number	Percentage of Total Marriages	Number	Percentage of Total Civil Marriages
1961	1,930	9·08	1,720	89·12
1962	1,909	8·52	1,708	89·47
1963	1,901	8·62	1,673	88·01
1964	2,034	8·42	1,791	88·05
1965	2,254	8·54	1,962	87·05

Divorce

Until the operation of the *Matrimonial Causes Act 1959*, from 1st February, 1961, the law in Victoria in regard to divorce was contained in the *Marriage Act 1958*. As the new Act introduced changes in provisions on divorce, figures since the date of operation of the Commonwealth Act may not be comparable with those of earlier years.

The following table gives the number of petitions filed by husbands and wives respectively, and the number of dissolutions of marriage and nullities of marriage granted during the year 1965. Every decree of dissolution of marriage is in the first instance a decree *nisi* and is generally not made absolute till the expiration of not less than three months thereafter.

VICTORIA—DIVORCES, 1965

Petition for—	Petitions Filed by—			Decrees Granted to—		
	Husbands	Wives	Total	Husbands	Wives	Total
Dissolution of Marriage	1,094*	1,422*	2,516	882	1,206	2,089†
Nullity of Marriage ..	3	9	12	5	8	13
Judicial Separation ..	..	4	4	..	1	1
Total	1,097	1,435	2,532	887	1,215	2,103

* Includes eight husbands' and seven wives' petitions for dissolution or nullity.

† Includes one petition granted to both parties of the marriage.

The following table shows the number of petitions filed and decrees granted for dissolution, nullity, and judicial separation for each of the five years 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—DIVORCE : PETITIONS FILED AND DECREES GRANTED : DISSOLUTION, NULLITY, AND JUDICIAL SEPARATION

Year	Petitions Filed			Decrees Granted		
	Dissolution	Nullity	Judicial Separation	Dissolution	Nullity	Judicial Separation
1961 ..	2,296*	10	..	1,248	9	..
1962 ..	2,157*	13	4	1,615	8	..
1963 ..	2,172*	7	7	1,616	7	3
1964 ..	2,368*	15	7	2,130	19	2
1965 ..	2,516*	12	4	2,089	13	1

* Includes seven petitions for dual relief in 1961, nine in 1962, nine in 1963, eleven in 1964, and fifteen in 1965.

The grounds upon which divorces were granted during the year 1965 are set out in the following table :—

VICTORIA—GROUNDS FOR DIVORCE, 1965

Grounds on Which Granted	Dissolution of Marriage		Nullity of Marriage		Judicial Separation	
	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions
Adultery	288	260	..	..	..	1
Adultery and Desertion	..	5	..	..	..	..
Cruelty .. ..	..	27	..	..	..	..
Desertion	390	606	..	..	..	..
Separation	190	277	..	..	..	..
Desertion and Separation	5	4	..	..	..	..
Other Grounds ..	9	27	5	8	..	..
Total	882	1,206	5	8	..	1

NOTE.—In addition to the above there was one instance where a dissolution was granted to both parties.

The following table shows the number of petitioners to whom decrees were granted in 1965, the ages of such petitioners at date of decree, and the number of their issue :—

VICTORIA—DIVORCE PETITIONS GRANTED : AGES OF PETITIONERS (AT DATE OF DECREE) AND ISSUE, 1965

Ages of Petitioners (Years)	Dissolution of Marriage		Nullity of Marriage		Judicial Separation		Number of Children*	
	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions
Under 21 ..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	3
21-24 ..	14	70	..	2	..	..	11	64
25-29 ..	100	181	3	1	..	..	85	219
30-34 ..	144	219	..	1	..	..	147	345
35-39 ..	174	229	..	1	..	..	273	411
40-44 ..	158	212	..	..	..	..	274	361
45-49 ..	95	147	2	2	..	..	126	149
50-54 ..	75	83	..	1	..	1	91	69
55-59 ..	51	36	..	..	..	..	44	18
60 and over ..	70	24	..	..	..	..	15	2
Total ..	882	1,206	5	8	..	1	1,066	1,641

* Of the total of 2,707 two children were the issue of marriages which were annulled, and two were the issue of marriages for which judicial separations were granted. In addition, two children were the issue of a marriage for which a dissolution was granted to both parties. (See note to preceding table).

In the following table particulars are given of the duration of marriage and issue in respect of the petitions granted for dissolution of marriage during 1965 :—

VICTORIA—DISSOLUTIONS OF MARRIAGE : PETITIONS GRANTED : DURATION OF MARRIAGE AND ISSUE, 1965

Duration of Marriage (Years)	Number of Children							Total Dissolutions of Marriage	Total Children
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6 and over		
1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
2	8	3	..	..	..	..	..	11	3
3	17	6	..	1	..	..	..	24	9
4	43	14	4	2	..	..	..	63	28
5	52	30	6	..	1	..	..	89	46
6	40	46	15	1	..	..	..	102	79
7	48	40	21	5	..	..	..	114	97
8	36	45	23	6	2	..	..	112	117
9	28	29	16	7	1	..	..	81	86
10	35	28	31	11	2	1	..	108	136
11	19	26	32	15	2	..	..	94	143
12	28	21	29	16	4	..	1	99	149
13	23	24	26	12	4	..	..	89	128
14	18	21	29	21	7	1	..	97	175
15-19	95	89	129	84	37	5	4	443	799
20-24	58	45	72	57	9	12	6	259	495
25-29	65	50	27	9	4	2	1	158	165
30-34	63	11	5	2	1	..	1	83	37
35-39	27	6	1	1	..	..	..	35	11
40 and over ..	24	..	1	..	..	..	..	25	2
Total Dissolutions of Marriage ..	730	534	467	250	74	21	13	2,089	..
Total Children ..	..	534	934	750	296	105	86	..	2,705

The following table shows the ages of the parties concerned in the decrees for dissolution of marriage, petitions for which had been granted during 1965 :—

VICTORIA—DISSOLUTIONS OF MARRIAGE : PETITIONS GRANTED : AGES OF PARTIES AT DATE OF DECREE, 1965

Ages of Husbands (Years)	Ages of Wives (Years)										Total Husbands
	Under 21	21-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 and over	
Under 21	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
21-24	5	20	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29
25-29	4	75	145	13	4	..	..	..	..	..	241
30-34	1	15	150	130	24	5	1	..	..	..	326
35-39 .. .. .	..	3	36	169	160	31	6	3	1	..	409
40-44 .. .. .	..	..	8	46	145	180	23	11	..	..	413
45-49 .. .. .	..	..	4	8	38	79	84	21	5	1	240
50-54 .. .. .	..	..	1	1	16	31	81	53	7	5	195
55-59 .. .. .	..	..	..	1	5	5	34	36	31	6	118
60 and over ..	..	..	..	1	3	2	9	15	30	56	116
Total Wives ..	11	114	348	369	395	333	238	139	74	68	2,089

Births

General

The number of births registered in Victoria during the year 1965 was 63,550.

Stillbirths, which are excluded from births and deaths, numbered 747 and corresponded to a ratio of 11·75 per 1,000 infants born alive in 1965. The compulsory registration of still-born children became effective in 1953.

The following tables show the number of births and rates per 1,000 of mean population in each State and Territory from 1961 to 1965 :—

AUSTRALIA—NUMBER OF BIRTHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1961.. ..	86,392	65,886	36,637	22,399	17,078	8,982	878	1,734	239,986
1962.. ..	85,439	65,890	35,690	21,361	17,064	8,894	924	1,819	237,081
1963.. ..	84,065	65,649	35,934	21,367	17,290	8,530	859	1,995	235,689
1964.. ..	80,518	64,990	34,972	20,866	16,685	8,252	911	1,955	229,149
1965.. ..	78,069	63,550	33,551	20,891	16,186	7,535	914	2,158	222,854

AUSTRALIA—BIRTH-RATES*

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory†	Australian Capital Territory†	Australia
1961.. ..	22·07	22·51	24·17	23·10	23·16	25·40	33·5	29·5	22·85
1962.. ..	21·46	22·04	23·19	21·59	22·59	24·75	34·3	27·7	22·14
1963.. ..	20·75	21·49	23·00	21·18	22·36	23·42	30·0	27·2	21·59
1964.. ..	19·54	20·77	22·06	20·22	21·11	22·46	29·0	24·2	20·58
1965.. ..	18·61	19·81	20·88	19·83	20·08	20·40	26·9	24·3	19·61

* Subject to revision.

† Based on too few events to warrant calculation to second place of decimals.

The following table shows the number of births by sex, the ratio of male to female births, and the average ages of parents, in each year from 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—BIRTHS BY SEX, MASCULINITY, AVERAGE AGE OF FATHER AND MOTHER

Year	Males	Females	Total	Masculinity*	Average Age†	
					Father	Mother
1961 ..	33,875	32,011	65,886	105·82	31·3	27·9
1962 ..	33,876	32,014	65,890	105·82	31·2	27·8
1963 ..	33,988	31,661	65,649	107·35	31·1	27·7
1964 ..	33,511	31,479	64,990	106·46	31·1	27·6
1965 ..	32,494	31,056	63,550	104·63	30·9	27·5

* Number of male births per 100 female births.

† Average age of father and mother of nuptial children only.

The following table, relating to nuptial confinements, shows for 1965 the number of previous issue to mothers in the various age groups :—

VICTORIA—NUPTIAL CONFINEMENTS : AGE GROUP OF MOTHER AND PREVIOUS ISSUE*, 1965

Age Group of Mother (Years)	Number of Married Mothers with Previous Issue Numbering—											Total Married Mothers
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over	
15-19	3,375	779	88	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,244
20-24	9,775	6,133	2,084	529	126	29	2	1	..	..	..	18,679
25-29	4,732	6,538	4,590	2,094	765	262	95	28	8	1	1	19,114
30-34	1,380	2,425	2,695	1,950	1,090	544	267	142	64	18	16	10,591
35-39	520	792	1,104	993	765	509	303	190	100	54	46	5,376
40-44	126	194	236	250	224	193	129	85	56	31	43	1,567
45-49	9	7	17	16	13	11	11	9	4	5	8	110
Total	19,917	16,868	10,814	5,834	2,983	1,548	807	455	232	109	114	59,681
Proportion of Total Married Mothers	33·37	28·26	18·12	9·78	4·99	2·60	1·35	0·76	0·39	0·18	0·20	100·00

*Including ex-nuptial children by the same father. Children of former marriage and all stillborn children are excluded.

The average issue of married mothers in respect of whom births were registered in 1965 is shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—NUPTIAL CONFINEMENTS : NUMBER OF MOTHERS IN AGE GROUPS, TOTAL ISSUE, AND AVERAGE ISSUE, 1965

Age Group of Mother (Years)	Number of Mothers	Total Issue*	Average Issue
15-19	4,244	5,233	1·23
20-24	18,679	31,382	1·68
25-29	19,114	46,568	2·44
30-34	10,591	34,900	3·30
35-39	5,376	21,971	4·09
40-44	1,567	7,441	4·75
45-49	110	599	5·45
Total	59,681	148,094	2·48

* Includes issue to present confinement and all previous issue to existing union.

The following table shows nuptial confinements according to the relative age groups of parents for the year 1965 :—

VICTORIA—NUPTIAL CONFINEMENTS : RELATIVE AGE GROUPS OF PARENTS, 1965

Age Group of Father (Years)	Age Group of Mother (Years)							Total Fathers
	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	
Under 20 ..	643	115	3	..	..	..	..	761
20-24 ..	2,770	6,566	596	26	8	1	..	9,967
25-29 ..	704	9,138	8,679	795	61	7	..	19,384
30-34 ..	100	2,316	7,268	4,588	561	42	2	14,877
35-39 ..	22	463	2,158	3,948	2,522	216	9	9,338
40-44 ..	5	57	333	988	1,662	715	23	3,783
45-49 ..	..	19	53	174	433	428	43	1,150
50 and over ..	..	5	24	72	129	158	33	421
Married Mothers	4,244	18,679	19,114	10,591	5,376	1,567	110	59,681

Nuptial first births according to age group of mother and duration of marriage are shown in the following table for the year 1965 :—

VICTORIA—NUPTIAL FIRST BIRTHS : AGE GROUP OF MOTHER AND DURATION OF MARRIAGE, 1965

Age Group of Mother (Years)	Duration of Marriage															Total Nuptial First Births		
	Months											Years						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3		4	5 and over
15-19..	39	64	122	189	317	600	771	291	108	157	106	88	445	67	10	..	1	3,375
20-24..	26	51	65	100	223	454	654	326	302	737	621	487	3,288	1,557	593	202	89	9,775
25-29..	9	19	13	21	37	59	70	52	139	249	205	173	1,171	879	578	401	657	4,732
30-34..	5	9	5	7	6	14	26	23	21	76	61	59	328	163	106	87	384	1,380
35-39..	1	3	4	6	7	5	10	8	16	28	13	17	123	57	28	32	162	520
40-44..	..	2	..	..	2	1	4	1	..	2	4	6	19	16	9	8	52	126
45-49..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	5	9
Total	80	148	209	324	592	1,134	1,535	701	586	1,249	1,010	830	5,374	2,739	1,325	731	1,350	19,917

The number of cases of multiple births and the proportions per 1,000 of the total cases of births in each of the five years 1961 to 1965 were as follows :—

VICTORIA—MULTIPLE BIRTHS*

Year	Cases of Twins	Cases of Triplets and Quadruplets	Total Multiple Cases	Multiple Cases per 1,000 of Total Confinements
1961	713	8†	721	11·06
1962	737	13	750	11·51
1963	776	6	782	12·05
1964	719	4	723	11·25
1965	639	12	651	10·35

* Excludes confinements where the births were of stillborn children only.

† Includes one case of quadruplets.

On the average of the five years 1961 to 1965, mothers of twins were one in 90 of all mothers whose confinements were recorded, mothers of triplets one in 7,676, and mothers of all multiple births one in 89 mothers.

The following tables show the number of ex-nuptial births and the percentage of ex-nuptial births to total births in each State and Territory in Australia in the years 1961 to 1965 :—

AUSTRALIA—EX-NUPTIAL BIRTHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1961.. ..	4,575	2,706	2,445	1,026	959	404	120	34	12,269
1962.. ..	4,771	2,954	2,470	1,017	1,005	472	101	23	12,813
1963.. ..	4,823	3,078	2,661	1,059	1,229	464	102	38	13,454
1964.. ..	5,427	3,402	2,898	1,239	1,311	502	103	43	14,925
1965.. ..	5,700	3,245	3,202	1,310	1,439	471	102	62	15,531

AUSTRALIA—EX-NUPTIAL BIRTHS : PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL BIRTHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1961.. ..	5·30	4·11	6·67	4·58	5·62	4·50	13·67	1·96	5·11
1962.. ..	5·58	4·48	6·92	4·76	5·89	5·31	10·93	1·26	5·40
1963.. ..	5·74	4·69	7·41	4·96	7·11	5·43	11·87	1·90	5·71
1964.. ..	6·74	5·23	8·29	5·94	7·86	6·08	11·31	2·20	6·51
1965.. ..	7·30	5·11	9·54	6·27	8·89	6·25	11·16	2·87	6·97

The ages of mothers of ex-nuptial children in Victoria are shown in the following table for the years 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—AGES OF MOTHERS OF EX-NUPTIAL CHILDREN

Age of Mother (Years)	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
12 .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..
13	1	2	4	4	1
14	18	15	9	15	20
15	41	68	73	67	80
16	131	128	150	209	167
17	180	196	239	295	276
18	238	263	279	350	376
19	209	253	289	325	335
20	221	225	241	280	282
21-24	539	594	645	671	673
25-29	403	480	461	500	416
30-34	378	356	325	320	303
35-39	229	253	243	249	204
40-44	76	82	73	79	80
45 and over ..	5	9	5	7	5
Total	2,669	2,924	3,037	3,371	3,218

Adoption of Children

Provision for the legal adoption of children and the registration of each adoption is contained in the Adoption of Children Act.

The following table shows the number of legal adoptions (male and female) from 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—CHILDREN LEGALLY ADOPTED

Period	Number of Children Adopted	
	Males	Females
1961	772	806
1962	840	767
1963	834	780
1964	995	895
1965	1,005	946

Legitimations Registered

Until the operation of the Commonwealth *Marriage Act* 1961, on 1st September, 1963, provision for the legitimation of children was contained in the Victorian *Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages Act* 1959. Legitimations registered under the provisions of the new Act numbered 506 in the year 1965.

Deaths

The following tables show the number of deaths and the death-rates per 1,000 of the mean population in each of the Australian States and Territories for each of the five years 1961 to 1965 :—

AUSTRALIA—NUMBER OF DEATHS

Year	New South Wales	Vic-toria	Queens-land	South Aus-tralia	Western Aus-tralia	Tas-man-ia	Northern Territory	Aus-tralian Capital Territory	Aus-tralia
1961 ..	35,048	24,500	12,756	7,815	5,729	2,789	128	196	88,961
1962 ..	36,861	25,847	13,182	8,232	5,810	2,870	144	217	93,163
1963 ..	37,226	26,920	13,275	8,201	5,976	2,818	161	317	94,894
1964 ..	39,487	27,548	14,523	8,906	6,429	3,174	164	363	100,594
1965 ..	38,949	28,031	14,114	8,788	6,274	3,043	161	355	99,715

AUSTRALIA—DEATH-RATES*

Year	New South Wales	Vic-toria	Queens-land	South Aus-tralia	Western Aus-tralia	Tas-man-ia	Northern Territory†	Aus-tralian Capital Territory†	Aus-tralia
1961 ..	8·95	8·37	8·42	8·06	7·77	7·89	4·9	3·3	8·47
1962 ..	9·26	8·64	8·56	8·32	7·69	7·99	5·3	3·3	8·70
1963 ..	9·19	8·81	8·50	8·13	7·73	7·74	5·6	4·3	8·69
1964 ..	9·58	8·80	9·16	8·63	8·14	8·64	5·2	4·5	9·03
1965 ..	9·28	8·74	8·78	8·34	7·78	8·24	4·7	4·0	8·78

* Subject to revision.

† Based on too few events to warrant calculation to second place of decimals.

Causes of Death

Classification

The Sixth (1948) Revision of the International List of Causes of Death was adopted for use in classifying causes of death in 1950.

The Revision introduced international rules for a uniform method of selecting the underlying cause of death to be tabulated if more than one cause is stated on the death certificate.

The adoption of the 1948 revision affected the comparability of statistics for years prior to 1950 with those for 1950 and subsequent years.

The Seventh (1955) Revision of the International List of Causes of Death was adopted for use in 1958.

The causes of death registered in Victoria in 1965, classified according to the abbreviated list of the Seventh (1955) Revision of the International List of Causes of Death, the proportion of total deaths from each cause, and the rate per million of mean population are shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—CAUSES OF DEATH : NUMBERS AND RATES,
1965

Cause of Death*	International List Numbers	Number of Deaths	Proportion of Total	Rate per 1,000,000 of Mean Population
1. Tuberculosis of Respiratory System ..	001-008	99	0.35	31
2. Tuberculosis—Other Forms	010-019	7	0.02	2
3. Syphilis and its Sequelae	020-029	27	0.10	8
8. Diphtheria	055	1	§	§
9. Whooping Cough	056	2	0.01	1
10. Meningococcal Infections	057	4	0.01	1
14. Measles	085	5	0.02	2
17. All Other Diseases Classified as Infective and Parasitic	†	82	0.29	26
18. Malignant Neoplasms—				
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum ..	150-159	1,605	5.73	500
Lung	162, 163	662	2.36	206
Breast	170	388	1.39	121
Genital Organs	171-179	608	2.17	190
Urinary Organs	180,181	190	0.67	59
Leukaemia and Aleukaemia ..	204	167	0.60	52
Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	‡	787	2.81	245
19. Benign and Unspecified Neoplasms ..	210-239	52	0.18	16
20. Diabetes Mellitus	260	525	1.88	164
21. Anaemias	290-293	87	0.31	27
22. Vascular Lesions Affecting Central Nervous System	330-334	3,853	13.74	1,201
23. Non-Meningococcal Meningitis	340	23	0.08	7
24. Rheumatic Fever	400-402	5	0.02	2
25. Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease ..	410-416	229	0.82	71
26. { Arteriosclerotic Heart Disease	420	7,611	27.15	2,373
{ Degenerative Heart Disease	421, 422	1,110	3.96	346
27. Other Diseases of Heart	430-434	962	3.43	300
28. Hypertension with Heart Disease ..	440-443	366	1.31	114

For footnotes see page 153.

VICTORIA—CAUSES OF DEATH : NUMBERS AND RATES, 1965—
continued

Cause of Death*	International List Numbers	Number of Deaths	Proportion of Total	Rate per 1,000,000 of Mean Population	
29. Hypertension without Mention of Heart ..	444-447	238	0.85	74	
30. Influenza	480-483	55	0.19	17	
31. Pneumonia	490-493	929	3.32	290	
32. Bronchitis	500-502	682	2.43	213	
33. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum ..	540, 541	162	0.58	51	
34. Appendicitis	550-553	16	0.05	5	
35. Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia ..	560, 561, 570	134	0.48	42	
36. Gastritis, Duodenitis, Enteritis and Colitis, except Diarrhoea of the Newborn ..	543, 571, 572	98	0.35	31	
37. Cirrhosis of Liver	581	169	0.61	53	
38. Nephritis and Nephrosis	590-594	201	0.71	63	
39. Hyperplasia of Prostate	610	114	0.41	36	
40. Complications of Pregnancy, Childbirth and the Puerperium	640-652, 660, 670-689	23	0.08	7	
41. Congenital Malformations	750-759	318	1.14	99	
42. Birth Injuries, Post-natal Asphyxia, and Atelectasis	760-762	362	1.29	113	
43. Infections of the Newborn	763-768	38	0.13	12	
44. Other Diseases Peculiar to Early Infancy, and Immaturity Unqualified ..	769-776	260	0.93	81	
45. Senility without Mention of Psychosis, Ill-defined and Unknown Causes ..	780-795	109	0.39	34	
46. {	General Arteriosclerosis	450	804	2.87	251
	Other Diseases of Circulatory System ..	451-468	329	1.17	103
	Other Diseases of Respiratory System ..	470-475, 510-527	321	1.15	100
	All Other Diseases	Residual	1,207	4.30	376
47. Motor Vehicle Accidents	E810-E835	907	3.24	283	
48. All Other Accidents	E800-E802 E840-E962	712	2.54	222	
49. Suicide and Self-inflicted Injury	E963, E970-E979	345	1.23	108	
50. Homicide and Operations of War ..	E964, E965, E980-E999	41	0.15	13	
Total All Causes .. .. .	..	28,031	100.00	8,739

* No deaths were recorded in the following categories in 1965 :—4. Typhoid Fever (040), 5. Cholera (043), 6. Dysentery, All Forms (045-048), 7. Scarlet Fever and Streptococcal Sore Throat (050, 051), 11. Plague (058), 12. Acute Poliomyelitis (080), 13. Smallpox (084), 15. Typhus and Other Rickettsial Diseases (100-108), 16. Malaria (110-117).

† 030-039, 041, 042, 044, 049, 052-054, 059-074, 081-083, 086-096, 120-138.

‡ 140-148, 160, 161, 164, 165, 190-203, 205.

§ Too small to register within the limits of the table.

Deaths in 1965 comprised 15,453 males and 12,578 females.

The following table shows deaths in 1965, in certain age groups, detailing the main causes of death within those age groups :—

VICTORIA—MAIN CAUSES OF DEATHS (IN AGE GROUPS), 1965

International List Numbers	Age Group and Cause of Death	Deaths from Specified Cause			
		In Age Group		At All Ages	
		Number	Per Cent.	Number	Per Cent.
	Under 1 Year	1,109	100.0	..	..
762	Post-natal asphyxia and atelectasis ..	234	21.1	234	100.0
750-759	Congenital malformations	219	19.7	318	68.9
774-776	Immaturity	152	13.7	152	100.0
760, 761	Birth injuries	128	11.5	128	100.0
180-502, 763	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza ..	94	8.5	1,685	5.6
	Other causes	282	25.5	..	..
	1-4 years	231	100.0	..	..
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	77	33.3	2,005	3.8
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza ..	28	12.1	1,685	1.7
750-759	Congenital malformations	24	10.4	318	7.5
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	20	8.7	4,407	0.5
001-138	Infective and parasitic diseases	12	5.1	227	5.3
	Other causes	70	30.4	..	..
	5-14 years	214	100.0	..	..
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	100	46.7	2,005	5.0
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	41	19.1	4,407	0.9
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza ..	15	7.0	1,685	0.9
750-759	Congenital malformations	13	6.1	318	4.1
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	8	3.8	10,283	0.1
	Other causes	37	17.3	..	..
	15-19 years	237	100.0	..	..
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	166	70.0	2,005	8.3
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	21	8.9	4,407	0.5
750-759	Congenital malformations	12	5.0	318	3.8
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza ..	7	3.0	1,685	0.4
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	6	2.5	10,283	†
	Other causes	25	10.6	..	..
	20-24 years	254	100.0	..	..
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	169	66.5	2,005	8.4
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	21	8.3	4,407	0.5
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	7	2.7	10,283	0.1
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza ..	7	2.7	1,685	0.4
240-245	Allergic Disorders	7	2.7	149	4.7
	Other causes	43	17.0	..	..
	25-34 years	447	100.0	..	..
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	210	46.9	2,005	10.5
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	67	15.0	4,407	1.6
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	37	8.3	10,283	0.4
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system ..	20	4.5	3,853	0.5
240-245	Allergic Disorders	11	2.4	149	7.4
	Other causes	102	22.9	..	..

*Includes Hodgkin's disease and the leukaemias.

† Less than 0.1.

VICTORIA—MAIN CAUSES OF DEATHS (IN AGE GROUPS), 1965—
continued

International List Numbers	Age Group and Cause of Death	Deaths from Specified Cause			
		In Age Group		At All Ages	
		Number	Per Cent.	Number	Per Cent.
	35-44 years	972	100.0	..	..
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	248	25.5	2,005	12.4
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	235	24.1	10,283	2.3
140-205	*Cancer (all forms)	222	22.9	4,407	5.0
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	58	5.9	3,853	1.5
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	36	3.8	1,685	2.2
	Other causes	173	17.8	..	..
	45-54 years	2,234	100.0	..	..
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	785	35.1	10,283	7.6
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	550	24.6	4,407	12.5
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	256	11.5	2,005	12.8
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	180	8.0	3,853	4.7
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	82	3.7	1,685	4.9
	Other causes	381	17.1	..	..
	55-64 years	4,191	100.0	..	..
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	1,793	42.7	10,283	17.4
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	927	22.2	4,407	21.0
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	409	9.7	3,853	10.6
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	214	5.1	2,005	10.7
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	198	4.7	1,685	11.8
	Other causes	650	15.6	..	..
	65-74 years	7,172	100.0	..	..
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	3,084	43.0	10,283	30.0
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	1,348	18.7	4,407	30.6
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	983	13.8	3,853	25.5
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	390	5.4	1,685	23.1
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	208	2.9	2,005	10.4
	Other causes	1,159	16.2	..	..
	75 years and over	10,970	100.0	..	..
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	4,324	39.4	10,283	42.0
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	2,190	19.9	3,853	56.8
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	1,188	10.9	4,407	27.0
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	819	7.4	1,685	48.6
450-452	Diseases of the arteries	733	6.7	1,029	71.2
	Other causes	1,716	15.7	..	..

* Includes Hodgkin's disease and the leukaemias.

Tuberculosis

The number of deaths ascribed to tuberculosis during 1965 was 106, the rate per million of mean population being 33.

Deaths from tuberculosis of the respiratory system in 1965 numbered 99 and equalled a rate of 31 per million of the mean population. Rates for earlier periods were 130 for 1950-54, 294 in 1945-49, 660 in 1918-22, 855 in 1908-12, and 1,365 in 1890-92. In 1965, tuberculosis of the respiratory system was responsible for 93 per cent. of the total deaths from tuberculosis. Of the 75 males and 24 females dying from tuberculosis of the respiratory system in 1965, five males and five females were under the age of 45 years.

The introduction of compulsory chest X-rays for the detection and treatment of tuberculosis is discussed on pages 507 to 509.

Infective and Parasitic Diseases

There has been a remarkable decrease in both the incidence and mortality rate of certain infective and parasitic diseases since the beginning of the century. Particulars of the decreases in diseases such as tuberculosis, typhoid fever, scarlet fever, streptococcal sore throat, diphtheria, whooping cough, meningococcal infections, small-pox and measles appeared on pages 493 to 495 of the Victorian Year Book 1954-58.

The incidence of poliomyelitis in Victoria has been recorded since the year 1916, when the disease was added to the list of compulsorily notifiable diseases. Since that year the most serious epidemic occurred in 1937-38 when 2,096 cases were reported, resulting in 113 deaths. Other epidemics occurred in 1918 (303 cases, 21 deaths), 1925 (140 cases, 25 deaths), 1949 (760 cases, 48 deaths), and 1954 (569 cases, 36 deaths). There were no cases of poliomyelitis reported during 1965 and no deaths from acute poliomyelitis were registered during the year, but one male and one female died from late effects of acute poliomyelitis.

Distribution of the Salk poliomyelitis vaccine began in July, 1956, and there has been a marked decline in the number of cases reported since that date. (See pages 246-247 of the Victorian Year Book 1962.)

Malignant Neoplasms

Since 1950, deaths classified as malignant neoplasms include deaths from Hodgkin's disease and leukaemia and aleukaemia. These were not formerly included with neoplasms. Deaths from malignant neoplasms in 1965 numbered 4,407 and represented a rate of 1,373 per million of mean population.

Rates for previous periods were 1,378 in 1964, 1,430 in 1963, 1,368 in 1962, and 1,366 in 1961.

Satisfactory comparisons of death-rates relating to malignant neoplasms are only obtained by relating the deaths to the number of persons in the community of the same sex, in age groups. This has been done for periods centred around the past six Censuses, when the numbers of persons in age groups were accurately known, and the results are given in the following table:—

**VICTORIA—DEATH-RATES FROM MALIGNANT
NEOPLASMS IN AGE GROUPS**

Age Group (Years)	Annual Deaths from Malignant Neoplasms per 10,000 of Each Sex in Each Age Group					
	1910-12	1920-22	1932-34	1946-48	1953-55	1960-62
MALES						
Under 5	0·73	0·46	0·27	0·60	1·11	1·06
5- 9	0·25	0·13	0·20	0·34	0·98	0·85
10-14	0·16	0·14	0·24	0·24	0·69	0·59
15-19	0·15	0·30	0·37	0·61	0·93	0·95
20-24	0·71	0·64	0·73	0·69	1·27	0·86
25-34	9·96	0·76	0·93	1·20	1·32	1·34
35-44	3·16	3·31	3·04	3·00	4·01	3·93
45-54	16·03	13·94	10·13	11·65	13·25	14·54
55-64	36·36	40·46	37·25	32·73	36·99	41·16
65-74	74·15	78·21	85·19	80·46	82·41	90·40
75 and over	88·40	110·12	133·78	148·20	163·06	161·58
All Ages	8·50	9·52	11·63	13·51	13·76	14·15
FEMALES						
Under 5	0·19	0·39	0·38	0·48	1·37	1·04
5- 9	0·10	0·17	0·17	0·18	0·60	0·92
10-14	0·27	0·05	0·08	0·40	0·71	0·64
15-19	0·44	0·15	0·17	0·04	0·49	0·66
20-24	0·41	0·30	0·39	0·60	0·56	0·99
25-34	1·39	1·28	1·57	1·75	1·81	1·88
35-44	7·26	6·61	6·00	6·23	6·14	5·76
45-54	17·87	19·14	17·31	16·47	16·46	15·02
55-64	38·03	34·48	35·82	33·40	30·93	30·20
65-74	61·66	63·05	61·17	61·44	59·38	50·34
75 and over	86·19	92·86	106·19	111·49	117·02	103·68
All Ages	8·76	9·63	12·00	14·50	14·16	13·12

Deaths from malignant neoplasms are prominent at most age periods, but the rates in the above table show characteristic increases with age, reaching a maximum mortality rate in the oldest age group.

Ninety-one per cent. of the deaths from malignant neoplasms in the year 1965 were at ages 45 years and over.

The following table shows deaths from malignant neoplasms recorded in 1965, according to the site of the disease and in age groups :—

VICTORIA—DEATHS FROM MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS BY SEX IN VARIOUS AGE GROUPS, 1965

Site of Disease*	Sex	Age Group (Years)				
		Under 25	25-44	45-64	65 and over	Total
Buccal Cavity and Pharynx (140-148)	M	..	5	27	28	60
	F	..	1	9	20	30
Oesophagus (150)	M	..	1	22	38	61
	F	..	..	6	28	34
Stomach (151)	M	..	13	76	171	260
	F	..	5	35	150	190
Intestine, except Rectum (152, 153)	M	2	13	66	143	224
	F	..	14	74	242	330
Rectum (154)	M	..	6	34	67	107
	F	..	4	19	59	82
Trachea, Bronchus and Lung, Not Specified as Secondary (162, 163)	M	..	24	260	302	586
	F	..	4	30	42	76
Breast (170)	M	..	..	2	2	4
	F	..	38	165	181	384
Cervix Uteri (171)	F	1	18	49	39	107
Other and Unspecified Parts of Uterus (172-174)	F	..	2	23	40	65
Ovary, Fallopian Tube, and Broad Ligament (175)	F	2	15	63	51	131
Prostate (177)	M	1	..	25	243	269
Kidney (180)	M	..	2	20	21	43
	F	4	1	9	20	34
Bladder and Other Urinary Organs (181)	M	..	3	18	55	76
	F	..	..	5	32	37
Brain and Other Parts of Nervous System (193)	M	11	4	40	6	61
	F	8	11	26	11	56
Leukaemia and Aleukaemia (204)	M	18	14	35	39	106
	F	19	9	13	20	61
Other Neoplasms of Lymphatic and Haematopoietic System (200-203, 205)	M	9	21	52	43	125
	F	3	5	31	68	107
All Other and Unspecified Sites	M	20	40	143	191	394
	F	7	16	100	184	307
Total	M	61	146	820	1,349	2,376
	F	44	143	657	1,187	2,031

* Figures in parentheses are in respect of the Seventh Revision of the International List of Causes of Death.

Diabetes Mellitus

During 1965, diabetes was responsible for 210 male and 315 female deaths, representing a rate of 164 per million of the mean population.

Rates for previous periods were 162 in 1964, 149 in 1963, 150 in 1962, and 152 in 1961.

Vascular Lesions Affecting Central Nervous System

In 1965, 1,584 male and 2,269 female deaths were ascribed to vascular lesions affecting the central nervous system, the total corresponding to a rate of 1,201 per million of the mean population. The table on pages 154 and 155 shows that vascular lesions affecting the central nervous system appear as one of the leading causes of death at ages from 25 years and over; they have become an increasing proportion of deaths at higher ages accounting for 20 per cent. of deaths at ages 75 years and over. Deaths from this cause according to sex and age are given below :—

**VICTORIA—DEATHS FROM VASCULAR LESIONS
AFFECTING CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM BY SEX
IN VARIOUS AGE GROUPS, 1965**

Cause of Death*	Sex	Age Group (Years)					Total Deaths
		Under 45	45-54	55-64	65-74	75 and over	
Subarachnoid Haemorrhage (330)	M	21	19	16	8	4	68
	F	26	25	22	17	11	101
Cerebral Haemorrhage (331) ..	M	24	53	144	270	379	870
	F	15	60	120	308	733	1,236
Cerebral Embolism and Thrombosis (332)	M	1	12	53	152	283	501
	F	4	7	38	160	526	735
Spasm of Cerebral Arteries (333)	M	..	..	..	2	..	2
Other and Ill-defined Vascular Lesions Affecting Central Nervous System (334)	M	..	3	8	27	105	143
	F	..	1	8	39	149	197
Total	M	46	87	221	459	771	1,584
	F	45	93	188	524	1,419	2,269

* Figures in parentheses are in respect of the Seventh Revision of the International List of Causes of Death.

Diseases of the Heart

During 1965, there were 10,278 deaths ascribed to diseases of the heart, including 229 due to chronic rheumatic heart disease, 8,721 to arteriosclerotic and degenerative heart disease, 962 to other diseases of the heart, and 366 to hypertension with heart disease. The total of

these causes in 1965 represented a rate of 3,204 per million of the mean population. Only a small proportion of deaths from heart diseases occurs at ages under 45 years of age. However, as the tables on pages 154 and 155 show, increases in the number of deaths from heart diseases are already apparent at ages between 25 and 45 years, and become an increasing proportion of deaths with increase in age. At ages 75 years and over, deaths from this cause in 1965 accounted for 39 per cent. of all deaths.

The following table shows deaths in Victoria in 1965 from heart diseases, according to sex and age group :—

VICTORIA—DEATHS FROM HEART DISEASES BY SEX IN VARIOUS AGE GROUPS, 1965

Cause of Death*	Sex	Age Group (Years)					Total Deaths
		Under 45	45-54	55-64	65-74	75 and over	
Rheumatic Fever with Heart Involvement (401)	{ M	4	..	..	..	..	4
	{ F	1	..	..	..	..	1
Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease (410-416)	{ M	16	17	23	20	7	83
	{ F	23	17	48	38	20	146
Arteriosclerotic Heart Disease (420)	{ M	166	533	1,154	1,581	1,344	4,778
	{ F	22	117	358	946	1,390	2,833
Degenerative Heart Disease (421, 422)	{ M	23	30	59	99	295	506
	{ F	8	16	22	80	478	604
Other Diseases of Heart (430-434)	{ M	12	22	64	120	266	484
	{ F	11	13	35	92	327	478
Hypertension with Heart Disease (440-443)	{ M	5	13	18	61	62	159
	{ F	6	7	12	47	135	207
Total	{ M	226	615	1,318	1,881	1,974	6,014
	{ F	71	170	475	1,203	2,350	4,269

*Figures in parentheses are in respect of the Seventh Revision of the International List of Causes of Death.

Diseases of the Respiratory System

In 1965, deaths from diseases of the respiratory system numbered 1,987 which represented a rate of 620 per million of the mean population. Of these deaths in 1965, 55 were due to influenza, 120 to lobar pneumonia, 663 to broncho-pneumonia, 146 to other and unspecified pneumonia, 682 to bronchitis, nine to empyema and abscess of lung, six to pleurisy, 43 to pulmonary congestion and hypostasis, 38 to bronchiectasis, and 225 to other diseases.

The 55 deaths from influenza in 1965 represented a rate of 17 per million of the mean population. Fifty-eight per cent. of the deaths were of persons over 50 years of age.

Diseases of the Digestive System

In 1965, there were 448 male and 339 female deaths from diseases of the digestive system, representing a rate of 245 per million of the mean population. Deaths from causes in this group in 1965 were : 162 from ulcers of the stomach and duodenum, four from gastritis and duodenitis, 16 from appendicitis, 134 from intestinal obstruction and hernia, 94 from gastro-enteritis and colitis, except diarrhoea of the newborn, 169 from cirrhosis of the liver, 77 from cholelithiasis and cholecystitis, and 131 from other diseases.

Diseases of the Genito-urinary System

In 1965, there were 546 deaths attributed to diseases of the genito-urinary system. This number represented a rate of 170 per million of the mean population. In 1965, nephritis and nephrosis were responsible for 201 deaths, infections of the kidney for 145, calculi of the urinary system for 20, hyperplasia of prostate for 114, and other diseases of the genito-urinary system for 66.

Accidental Deaths

The following table shows particulars of deaths in Victoria registered in 1965 which were due to accidents. These represented 6 per cent. of the total deaths. Accidents were the most frequent cause of death in every age group after the first year and under the age of 45 years, and accounted for 34 per cent. of all deaths between these ages.

VICTORIA—ACCIDENTAL DEATHS, 1965

International List No.	Cause of Death	Males	Females	Total
E800-E802	Railway accidents	14	2	16
E810-E835	Motor vehicle accidents	669	238	907
E840-E845	Other road vehicle accidents	8	5	13
E850-E858	Water transport accidents	17	1	18
E860-E866	Aircraft accidents	3	..	3
E870-E888	Accidental poisoning by solid and liquid substances	25	29	54
E890-E895	Accidental poisoning by gases and vapours	10	11	21
E900-E904	Accidental falls	99	203	302
E912	Accident caused by machinery	16	..	16
E914	Accident caused by electric current	11	1	12
E916	Accident caused by fire and explosion of combustible material	32	16	48
E917, E918	Accident caused by hot substance, corrosive liquid, steam, and radiation	1	1	2
E919	Accident caused by firearm	18	3	21
E924, E925	Accidental mechanical suffocation	6	5	11
E927	Accidents caused by bites and stings of venomous animals and insects .. ..	..	..	..
E928	Other accidents caused by animals	2	1	3
E929	Accidental drowning and submersion	65	28	93
E935	Lightning .. ..	..	..	..
E910, E911, E913, E915, E920-E923, E926, E930-E934, E936, E940-E946, E950-E959, E960-E962	} All other accidental causes	55	24	79
	Total	1,051	568	1,619

For the five years 1961 to 1965, female deaths from accidents were 32 per cent. of total accidental deaths.

Accidental Deaths Involving Motor Vehicles

The number of motor vehicles (including motor cycles) registered in Victoria and the deaths in which they were involved, were as follows for the years 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—DEATHS INVOLVING MOTOR VEHICLES

Year	Number of Motor Vehicles on Register at 30th June	Deaths Involving Motor Vehicles		
		Number*	Per 10,000 Motor Vehicles	Per 1,000,000 of Mean Population
1961	844,737	816	9.7	279
1962	876,633	824	9.4	276
1963	931,543	827	8.9	271
1964	989,985	832	8.4	266
1965	1,049,814	907	8.6	283

* Deaths of pedestrians included in this column numbered 238, 247, 260, 254, and 238 respectively.

Transport Accidents

In 1965 deaths from all transport accidents numbered 957, as against 895 in 1964, 886 in 1963, 893 in 1962, and 875 in 1961.

During the years 1964 and 1965, deaths connected with transport represented 59 per cent. of the total deaths from accidents.

Suicide and Self-inflicted Injury

In the year 1965, registrations of deaths from suicide or wilfully self-inflicted injury numbered 233 males and 112 females. These deaths represented a rate of 108 per million of the population as compared with 104 in 1964, 119 in 1963, 116 in 1962, and 93 in 1961.

Of the 233 male deaths in 1965, 68 were connected with firearms and explosives, and 54 with poisoning by analgesic and soporific substances. The latter accounted for 65 of the 112 female deaths.

Homicide

The number of deaths ascribed to homicide and registered in 1965 was 35 (20 males and 15 females).

Deaths from criminal abortion are excluded from this category and are included with deaths from maternal causes.

Maternal, Perinatal, and Infant Mortality

An article on maternal, perinatal and infant mortality in Victoria appeared in the Victorian Year Book 1964, pages 152–156.

Infant Mortality Statistics

The mortality of children under one year, in proportion to live births, reveals a remarkable decline since 1890—the deaths per 1,000 children born having fallen from 133 in 1885–89 to 18 in 1961–65 (a reduction of 86 per cent.). In other words, of every 100 infants who died in the earlier period, only fourteen would have died in the latter.

The reduction has been assisted by various Health Acts and educative measures, including the notification of infectious diseases, the regulation of the manufacture, sale and distribution of foodstuffs and patent medicines, and the provision of a pure water supply. The passing of the *Midwives Act* 1915 and the inauguration of the Infant Welfare Movement in 1917 coincided with and, to a large degree, accounted for a reduction of the rate since that time.

The following tables show the number of infant deaths and the infant death-rate per 1,000 live births in each of the Australian States and Territories for the years 1961 to 1965 :—

AUSTRALIA—INFANT DEATHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1961 ..	1,800	1,173	733	448	336	151	21	27	4,689
1962 ..	1,825	1,219	754	409	380	184	37	32	4,840
1963 ..	1,673	1,242	722	399	353	153	27	38	4,607
1964 ..	1,634	1,098	673	397	328	166	30	41	4,367
1965 ..	1,492	1,109	598	385	352	125	23	34	4,118

AUSTRALIA—INFANT MORTALITY RATES*

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1961 ..	20·8	17·8	20·0	20·0	19·7	16·8	23·9	15·6	19·54
1962 ..	21·4	18·5	21·1	19·1	22·3	20·7	40·0	17·6	20·41
1963 ..	19·9	18·9	20·1	18·7	20·4	17·9	31·4	19·0	19·55
1964 ..	20·3	16·9	19·2	19·0	19·7	20·1	32·9	21·0	19·06
1965 ..	19·1	17·5	17·8	18·4	21·7	16·6	25·2	15·8	18·48

* Number of deaths under one year of age per 1,000 live births.

The infant death-rates for the Melbourne Metropolitan Area, for the remainder of the State, and for the whole State, for the years 1961 to 1965, are shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—INFANT MORTALITY

Year	Melbourne Metropolitan Area		Remainder of State		Victoria	
	Number of Deaths under One Year	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	Number of Deaths under One Year	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	Number of Deaths under One Year	Rate per 1,000 Live Births
1961	719	17·4	454	18·4	1,173	17·8
1962	774	18·6	445	18·3	1,219	18·5
1963	791	18·9	451	18·8	1,242	18·9
1964	688	16·4	410	17·7	1,098	16·9
1965	721	17·2	388	17·9	1,109	17·5

NOTE.—Births and deaths are allotted to the place of usual residence of the parties. In the cases of births and infant deaths, the mother's residence is considered to be that of the child.

Infant death-rates have shown a decrease in each quinquennial period from 1885 onwards. In 1954, the rate fell below 20 per 1,000 births for the first time. In 1964, the rate was 16·9, the lowest on record.

The decrease in the infant death-rate, since the earlier periods, has been shared proportionally by each age group except that of "under one week". The rate per 1,000 births for infants "under one week" has declined from 21·5 in the quinquennium 1910-14 to 12·1 in 1961-65. The rate for infants "one week and under one month" declined from 11·1 in 1910-14 to 1·6 in 1961-65, a decrease of 86 per cent., and that for infants "one month and under one year" from 41·2 to 4·3, a decrease of 90 per cent. Between the

ages of one month and one year, Victoria lost 64 out of every 1,000 children born in 1900-04, 33 in 1915-19, and 4 in 1961-1965. In 1965 the mortality of infants "under one week" comprised 63 per cent. of the total infant mortality.

The following tables show mortality rates at certain ages under one year for the years 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—INFANT MORTALITY AT CERTAIN AGES

Year	Deaths under One Year per 1,000 Live Births						Males	Females
	Under One Week	One Week and under One Month	One Month and under Three Months	Three Months and under Six Months	Six Months and under Twelve Months	Total under One Year		
1961 ..	12.1	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.2	17.8	19.4	16.2
1962 ..	12.7	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	18.5	20.8	16.0
1963 ..	13.2	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.4	18.9	21.3	16.4
1964 ..	11.4	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	16.9	18.8	14.8
1965 ..	11.0	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	17.5	19.2	15.6

VICTORIA—INFANT MORTALITY AT CERTAIN AGES, BY SEX, 1965

Sex	Under One Week	One Week and under One Month	One Month and under Three Months	Three Months and under Six Months	Six Months and under Twelve Months	Total under One Year
Males—						
Number ..	414	54	52	57	46	623
Rate* ..	12.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.4	19.2
Percentage of Deaths in Each Age Group ..	66.45	8.67	8.35	9.15	7.38	100.00
Females—						
Number ..	286	53	43	42	62	486
Rate* ..	9.2	1.7	1.4	1.3	2.0	15.6
Percentage of Deaths in Each Age Group ..	58.85	10.90	8.85	8.64	12.76	100.00

* Number of deaths in each age group per 1,000 live births.

The rate for male infants is consistently higher than that for females, and in the period 1961-65 exceeded the female rate by 26 per cent. In the same period, male infant deaths exceeded female infant deaths by 835 and male births were 9,523 in excess of female births.

In 1965, in the group of causes of death peculiar to early infancy, 483 were connected with immaturity, either directly or in association with other causes, and all of these deaths were of children under one month of age. The deaths connected with immaturity represented 44 per cent. of the total infant deaths. Congenital malformations were responsible for 219, or 20 per cent., of the infant deaths. It will thus be seen that 64 per cent. of the total infant mortality in 1965 was related to congenital malformations and to immaturity in the manner described.

From 1950, infant deaths were classified according to the Sixth (1948) Revision of the International List of Causes of Death. Owing to the change in classification, figures since 1950 are not exactly comparable with figures for previous years. The Seventh (1955) Revision of the International List of Causes of Death was adopted for use in 1958.

The following table shows the number of deaths of infants at certain ages, by cause, in 1965 :—

**VICTORIA—INFANT MORTALITY AT CERTAIN AGES,
BY CAUSE, 1965**

Cause of Death*	Deaths under One Year					Total under One Year
	Under One Week	One Week and under One Month	One Month and under Three Months	Three Months and under Six Months	Six Months and under Twelve Months	
Infective and Parasitic Diseases (1-138) ..	1	..	6	4	6	17
Pneumonia and Bronchitis (490-493, 500-502) ..	..	..	17	27	22	66
Gastro-enteritis and Colitis (Except Ulcerative), Age Four Weeks and over (571) ..	..	..	3	1	7	11
Congenital Malformations (750-759) ..	99	34	37	29	20	219
Certain Diseases of Early Infancy—						
Birth Injuries (760, 761)—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	45	8	..	..	..	53
(b) With Immaturity ..	70	5	..	..	..	75
Postnatal Asphyxia and Atelectasis (762)—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	42	3	1	3	2	51
(b) With Immaturity ..	172	10	1	..	..	183
Infections of the Newborn (763-768)—						
Pneumonia of Newborn—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	10	4	..	..	..	14
(b) With Immaturity ..	3	2	..	..	..	5
Diarrhoea of Newborn—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	..	3	..	..	..	3
(b) With Immaturity ..	..	5	..	..	..	5
Other Infections of the Newborn—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	1	4	3	..	..	8
(b) With Immaturity ..	1	2	..	..	..	3
Other Diseases Peculiar to Early Infancy (769-775)—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	38	5	1	1	3	48
(b) With Immaturity ..	60	7	..	..	..	67
Immaturity Unqualified (776) ..	143	2	..	..	..	145
All Other Diseases ..	12	12	24	31	40	119
Accidents, Poisonings, and Violence ..	3	1	2	3	8	17
Total All Causes ..	700	107	95	99	108	1,109

* Figures in parentheses are in respect of the Seventh Revision of the International List of Causes of Death.

A comparison of infant mortality rates from the principal causes for certain periods from 1891 to 1949 was shown on page 506 of the Victorian Year Book 1954-58.

Stillbirths

Registration of stillbirths came into operation in Victoria in 1953. For registration purposes, a stillborn child means "any child born of its mother after the 28th week of pregnancy, which did not at any time after being born, breathe or show any other sign of life, and, where the duration of pregnancy is not reliably ascertainable, includes any foetus weighing not less than 2 lb. 12 oz."

The following table contains information about stillbirths and infant mortality in Victoria from 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—STILLBIRTHS AND INFANT MORTALITY

Year	Stillbirths		Deaths under One Month		Deaths under One Month plus Stillbirths		Deaths under One Year plus Stillbirths	
	Number	Rate per 1,000 Births (Live and Still)	Number	Rate per 1,000 Births (Live and Still)	Number	Rate per 1,000 Births (Live and Still)	Number	Rate per 1,000 Births (Live and Still)
1961 ..	885	13.25	887	13.28	1,772	26.54	2,058	30.82
1962 ..	775	11.63	934	14.01	1,709	25.64	1,994	29.91
1963 ..	792	11.92	977	14.70	1,769	26.63	2,034	30.61
1964 ..	771	11.72	840	12.77	1,611	24.50	1,869	28.42
1965 ..	747	11.62	807	12.55	1,554	24.17	1,856	28.87

The causes of stillbirths in Victoria, classified according to the International Statistical Classification, are given in the following table for the years 1961 to 1965 :—

VICTORIA—CAUSES OF STILLBIRTHS

Classification Number	Cause of Stillbirth	Number of Stillbirths				
		1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
Y 30 ..	Chronic Disease in Mother	22	9	24	8	6
Y 31 ..	Acute Disease in Mother	9	5	4	4	..
Y 32 ..	Diseases and Conditions of Pregnancy and Childbirth	48	41	28	79	72
Y 33 ..	Absorption of Toxic Substance from Mother .. ..	..	..	..	..	..
Y 34 ..	Difficulties in Labour	76	39	37	40	14
Y 35 ..	Other Causes in Mother	3	2	2	3	4
Y 36 ..	Placental and Cord Conditions	397	322	389	342	326
Y 37 ..	Birth Injury	12	5	3	18	34
Y 38 ..	Congenital Malformation of Foetus	85	79	95	83	89
Y 39 ..	Diseases of Foetus, and Ill-defined Causes	233	273	210	194	202
	Total	885	775	792	771	747

Cremation

There are now four crematoria in Victoria, of which three are situated in the Metropolitan Area.

The number of cremations in relation to total deaths from 1961 to 1965 is shown in the following table :—

VICTORIA—CREMATIONS AND DEATHS

Year		Total Cremations	Total Deaths	Percentage of Cremations to Deaths
1961 ..	..	7,923	24,500	32.34
1962 ..	..	8,425	25,847	32.60
1963 ..	..	8,782	26,920	32.62
1964 ..	..	9,832	27,548	35.69
1965 ..	..	9,857	28,031	35.16